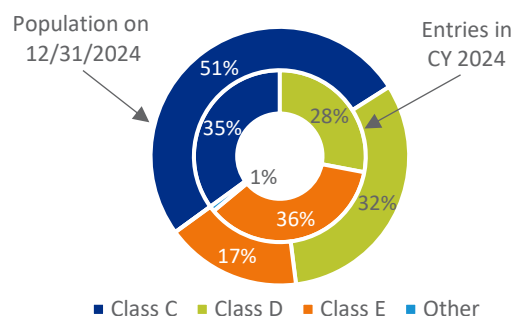


CALENDAR YEAR 2024

Sentencing Practices

- There were 148 Advanced Supervised Release and 69 felony habitual breaking and entering prison entries.
- There were 1,041 habitual felon prison entries; most were sentenced in Class C or Class E (35% and 36% respectively).

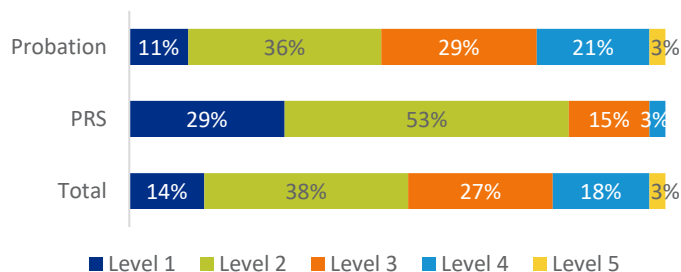
Habitual Felon Prison Entries and Population



Community Supervision

- Of the 76,562 offenders under community supervision on December 31, most were assessed as either moderate risk and/or moderate need (31% and 39% respectively).
- 29% of post-release supervisees were supervised in Level 1 (most restrictive) compared to probationers (11%).

Supervision Level

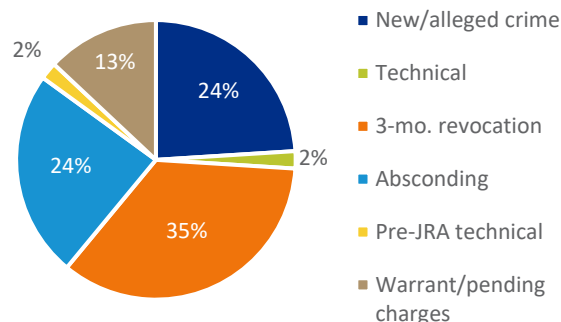


- There were 10,119 entries to Treatment for Effective Community Supervision (TECS) programs; 2,214 offenders were enrolled in TECS on December 31.
- A total of 1,795 quick dips were ordered; an equal percentage were for misdemeanants and felons (50% each).
- Of the 2,558 Confinement in Response to Violation (CRV) dispositions, most (40%) were for offenders in Supervision Level 2.

Incarceration and Reentry

- Most offenders (72%) with post-release supervision (PRS) were in Classes F-I.
- 44% of offenders exiting PRS were in Supervision Level 2. PRS revocation rates were highest for Supervision Level 1 (27% for Class B1-E felons and 24% for Class F-I felons).
- The largest categories of felony entries to prison for PRS violations were 3-month revocations (35%) followed by new/alleged crime and absconding (24% each).

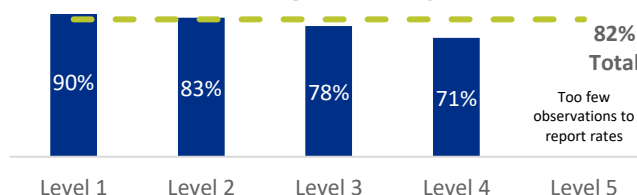
Felony Entries to Prison for PRS Violations



Outcomes (1-Year Follow-Up from CY 2023)

- Probationers in Supervision Level 1 had the highest rate of subsequent violations after a quick dip (90%), while probationers in Supervision Level 4 had the lowest (71%).

Violations Following a Quick Dip Confinement



- 41% of offenders with CRV dispositions in CY 2023 had a subsequent violation within one year.

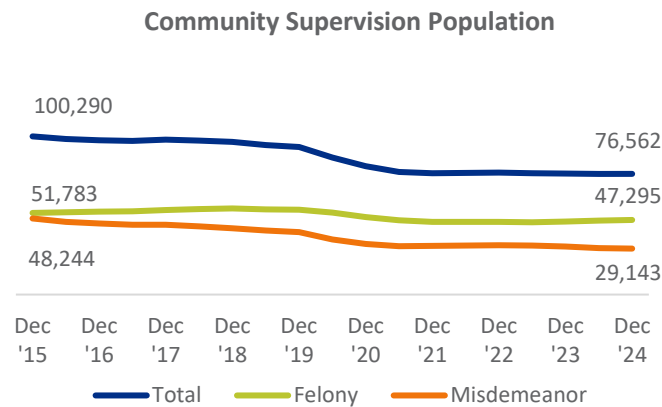
Outcomes Following CRV Dispositions

1-Year Outcome	Felons	Misd.	Total
On Supervision	43%	37%	43%
CRV & Terminate	34%	44%	35%
Terminal CRV	15%	13%	14%
Revocation	8%	6%	8%

QUICK FACTS: JUSTICE REINVESTMENT

CALENDAR YEARS 2015-2024

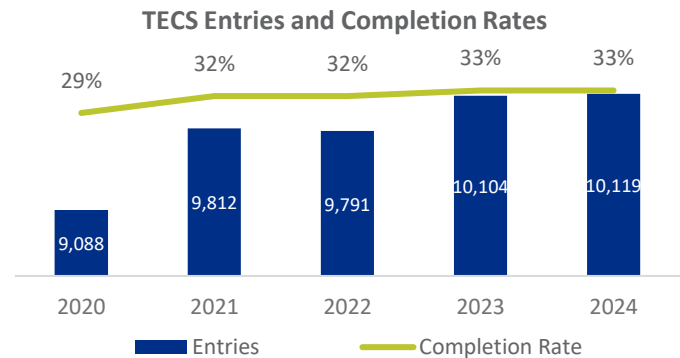
The overall community supervision population has declined 24% since December 2015. There has been a more substantial decline in the misdemeanor population compared to the felony population (40% and 9% respectively). The overall population has been relatively stable since 2020; however, there was a 2% increase in the felony community supervision population and a 4% decrease in the misdemeanor population from December 2023 to December 2024.



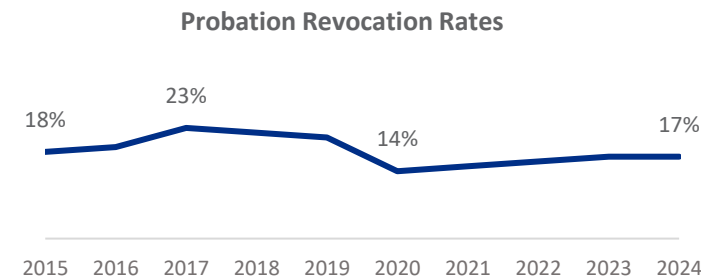
The average prison population declined from 37,124 in December 2015 to 31,639 in December 2024 (a decrease of 15%). However, the prison population has increased over the past two years; there was a 4% increase from December 2022 to December 2023 and a 1% increase from December 2023 to December 2024.



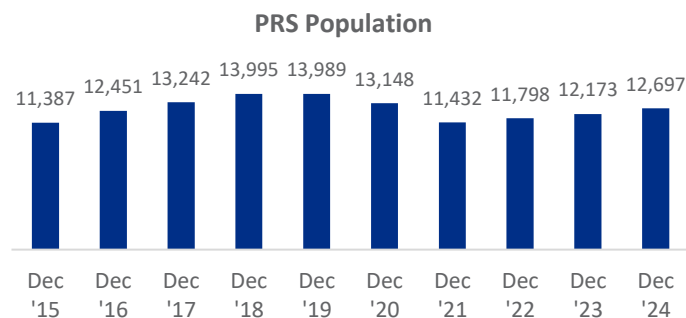
TECS completion rates have stabilized over the past few years (33% in CY 2024); however, two-thirds of offenders are not completing their TECS programs. In 2024, completion rates were highest for participants in Supervision Level 4 (42%).



The probation revocation rate has fluctuated over the past ten years, with a high of 23% in CY 2017 and a low of 14% in CY 2020. The probation revocation rate was 17% in CY 2024.



The PRS population has increased steadily since CY 2021, with a 4% increase from December 2023 to December 2024.



SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, 2015-2024 Justice Reinvestment Act Implementation Evaluation Report Data

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The Honorable Charlie Brown, Chairman
Michelle Hall, Executive Director

For the NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission’s *Justice Reinvestment Act Implementation Evaluation Report 2025* and all other publications, see the Commission’s website: www.NCSPAC.org.