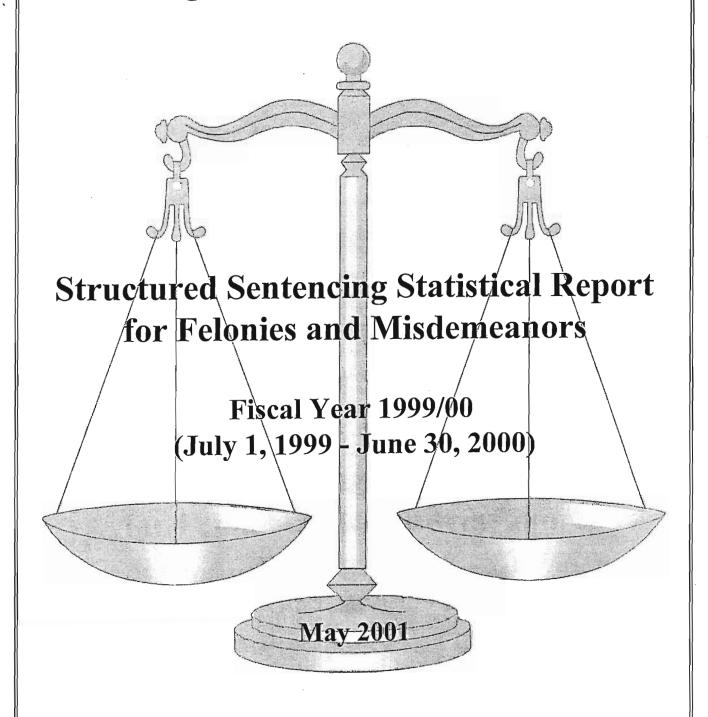
North Carolina Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission



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Structured Sentencing Statistical Report for Felonies and Misdemeanors

Fiscal Year 1999/00 (July 1, 1999 - June 30, 2000)

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION i
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS iii
SECTION I: FELONY CONVICTIONS IN FISCAL YEAR 1999/00
I. FELONY CONVICTIONS IN FY 1999/00
Grid 2 D. Convictions by Month of Sentencing 3 Figure A: Convictions by Month 3 E. Convictions by Judicial Division, District, and County 3 Figure B: Convictions Resulting from Jury Trials by Judicial Division 3 Table 2: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode
of Disposition4F. Felony Pleas in District Court9
II. CHARACTERISTICS OF OFFENDERS9Figure C: Convictions by Gender9Figure D: Convictions by Race9Figure E: Age Distribution of Convicted Felons10Table 3: Convictions by Gender, Race, and Age10
III. PUNISHMENT IMPOSED FOR FELONIES 11 A. Overall Punishment 11 Figure F: Punishment Imposed 11 B. Punishment Imposed by Offense Class and Prior Record Level 11 Figure G: Felony Convictions by Offense Class 12
Figure H: Felony Convictions by Prior Record Level
Figure J: Convictions by Crime Type

IV. SENTENCE LOCATION IN THE SENTENCING RANGES	16
A. Sentence Location	16
Figure K: Sentence Location by Range	
B. Sentence Location by Offense Class and Prior Record Level	
Figure L: Sentence Location by Offense Class	17
Table 6: Sentence Location by Offense Class and Prior Record Level	
C. Sentence Location by Crime Type	
Table 7: Sentence Location by Crime Type	
D. Length of Active Sentence Relative to the Sentencing Range	
Figure M: Distribution of Sentences in the Sentencing Range	
Figure N: Sentence Distribution within the Range	22
Table 8: Sentencing Range by Crime Type	
Tuoto of Bernoloung Range by Crime Type	22
V. INTERMEDIATE PUNISHMENTS	23
A. Intermediate Punishments Imposed	
Figure O: Type of Intermediate Punishment	
B. Intermediate Punishments by Offense Class and Prior Record Level	
Table 9: Type of Intermediate Punishment by Offense Class and Prior Record	2-1
Level	24
C. Intermediate Punishments by Crime Type	
Table 10: Type of Intermediate Punishment by Crime Type	25
VI. COMMUNITY PUNISHMENTS	26
A. Community Punishments by Offense Class	
Table 11: Type of Community Punishment by Offense Class	
B. Community Punishments by Crime Type	26
Table 12: Type of Community Punishment by Crime Type	21
VII. SPECIAL ISSUES	77
A. Habitual Felons	
Table 13: Most Serious Crime Associated with Habitual Felon Convictions by	
- jj - 1	28
B. Firearm Enhancement	
C. Death and Life without Parole Sentences and Violent Habitual Felon Convictions	
D. Drug Trafficking Convictions	
Table 14: Drug Trafficking Convictions	30
SECTION II: MISDEMEANOR CONVICTIONS IN FISCAL YEAR 1999/00	
I. MISDEMEANOR CONVICTIONS IN FY 1999/00	
A. Definition of the Unit of Analysis	
B. Misdemeanor Convictions	33

	C.	Distribution of Convictions within the Misdemeanor Structured Sentencing Grid 33 Table 15: Distribution of Convictions within the Misdemeanor Structured Sentencing Grid
	D	Convictions by Month of Sentencing
	D.	
	г	Figure P: Convictions by Month
	E.	Convictions by Judicial Division, District, and County
		Table 16: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode
		of Disposition
TT	СПУБ	ACTERISTICS OF OFFENDERS40
11.	CIIAN	Figure Q: Convictions by Gender
		Figure Q. Convictions by Gender
		Figure S: Age Distribution of Convicted Misdemeanants
		Table 17: Convictions by Gender, Race, and Age 41
III.	PUNI	SHMENT IMPOSED FOR MISDEMEANORS
		Overall Punishment
	7 1.	Figure T: Punishment Imposed
	В	Punishment Imposed by Offense Class and Prior Conviction Level
	Ъ.	Table 18: Convictions and Sentences by Offense Class and Prior Conviction
		Level
	C	Average Length of Active Sentences
	C.	Table 19: Average Length of Active Sentences by Offense Class and Prior
		Conviction Level
	D.	Punishment Imposed by Crime Type
		Figure U: Convictions by Crime Type
		Table 20: Punishment by Crime Type45
	D YOU	DA CEDIA TE DI BUGUN CENTO
IV.		RMEDIATE PUNISHMENTS
	A.	Intermediate Punishments Imposed
	ъ.	Figure V: Type of Intermediate Punishment
	В.	Intermediate Punishments by Offense Class and Prior Conviction Level
		Table 21: Type of Intermediate Punishment by Offense Class and Prior
		Conviction Level
	C.	Intermediate Punishments by Crime Type
		Table 22: Type of Intermediate Punishment by Crime Type
	D.	Special Probation
		Table 23: Special Probation by Offense Class
		Table 24: Special Probation by Crime Type49
3 7	COM	MUNITY PUNISHMENTS
V.		
	Α.	Community Punishments by Offense Class
		Figure W: Type of Community Punishments
	~	Table 25: Type of Community Punishment by Offense Class
	В.	Community Punishments by Crime Type

Table 26: Type of Community Punishment by Crime Type51
VI. SPECIAL ISSUES 51 A. Community Service 51 Table 27: Community Service by Offense Class 52 Table 28: Community Service by Crime Type 52 B. Restitution 53 Figure X: Restitution Ordered 53 Table 29: Restitution Ordered by Offense Class 54 Table 30: Restitution Ordered by Crime Type 54 Table 31: Restitution Ordered by Punishment Imposed 55
APPENDICES
APPENDIX A: MAP OF JUDICIAL DIVISIONS AND DISTRICTS
APPENDIX B: SAMPLE OFFENSES
APPENDIX C: ADDITIONAL FELONY DATA BY JUDICIAL DIVISION AND DISTRICT Appendix C, Table 1: Convictions and Sentences by Judicial Division and District
APPENDIX D: ADDITIONAL FELONY DATA BY CRIME TYPE AND OFFENSE Appendix D, Table 1: Type of Punishment by Crime Type and Offense
APPENDIX E: INTERMEDIATE AND COMMUNITY PUNISHMENTS
APPENDIX F: SPECIAL PROBATION FOR FELONIES Appendix F, Table 1: Special Probation by Offense Class and Location
APPENDIX G: COMMUNITY SERVICE AND RESTITUTION FOR FELONIES Appendix G, Table 1: Community Service by Offense Class

INTRODUCTION

INTRODUCTION

This report provides detailed information about felony and misdemeanor convictions under Structured Sentencing during Fiscal Year 1999/00 (July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2000). The report only includes cases where an offender was convicted and sentenced for a crime which was committed on or after October 1, 1994 -- the effective date of Structured Sentencing. The report presents information on the number of felony and misdemeanor convictions, the distribution of felony and misdemeanor convictions within their respective punishment grids, and the types of punishments imposed, as well as data about several other issues. Information for felony convictions is presented in Section I, while information for misdemeanor convictions is presented in Section II. Information regarding the substance and application of the sentencing laws under Structured Sentencing is provided in the North Carolina Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission's Structured Sentencing Training and Reference Manual.

REPORTING OF CONVICTIONS AND SENTENCES

The information presented in this statistical summary is based on data entered into the Administrative Office of the Courts' (AOC's) Criminal Information System by the court clerk following the imposition of the sentence. The report covers all North Carolina counties.

The unit of analysis for this report is convictions disposed of in a sentencing episode.

Definition of a Sentencing Episode:

A sentencing episode is identified from court records as the sentence(s) imposed for the most serious conviction on a given day of court. While a sentencing episode involves one offender, in our reporting time frame an offender may be represented by more than one sentencing episode (meaning that within the fiscal year the number of offenders will be the same as or less than the number of sentencing episodes reported). For the sake of simplicity, throughout the report the unit of analysis is referred to as "convictions."

The Sentencing Commission's processing of court data was developed with the implementation of Structured Sentencing. Since Structured Sentencing has been in place for more than five years, the Commission decided to re-examine the data process based on a more detailed knowledge of Structured Sentencing and how it is applied by judges, prosecutors, defense attorneys, and other court officials across North Carolina. The changes to the data process that were implemented allow the Commission to recover more cases from the AOC's Criminal Information System. These changes, in addition to improvements made by the AOC (such as CourtFlow), will increase the

accuracy of information reported. The Sentencing Commission will continue to work with the AOC to improve the information available on Structured Sentencing convictions and sentences.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS FELONY AND MISDEMEANOR CONVICTIONS IN FISCAL YEAR 1999/00

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS FISCAL YEAR 1999/00 CONVICTIONS

Felony Convictions

- During Fiscal Year 1999/00, sentences for 27,737 felony convictions were imposed under Structured Sentencing. (Note: This number excludes sentences imposed for drug trafficking and violent habitual felon convictions, which are subject to mandatory penalties.)
- The greatest number of convictions fell into Offense Class I with Prior Record Level II.
- The majority of felony convictions (63%) were for offenders with Prior Record Levels I and II. About 5% of convictions were for offenders with serious prior criminal histories (Prior Record Levels V and VI).
- Eighty-seven percent of all offenders were male; 44% of all offenders were under the age of 26; and 60% of all offenders were Black.
- Thirty-three percent of felony convictions resulted in an Active punishment, 44% resulted in an Intermediate punishment, and 23% resulted in a Community punishment.
- Of the four crime types, non-trafficking drug offenses accounted for the largest group of felony convictions (37%), followed closely by property offenses (36%). Person offenses represented 18% of convictions and other felonies accounted for 9% of convictions.
- Seventy-five percent of all Active sentences fell within the presumptive range; 17% fell within the mitigated range; and 8% fell within the aggravated range.
- Of those cases where a specific intermediate sanction was reported in the database, the greatest number of sanctions was imposed for Class H offenses (n=5,459). Intensive Supervision Probation was the most frequently imposed sanction.
- Other information of interest includes: 21 death sentences and 54 life without parole sentences were imposed; there were 552 convictions for drug trafficking offenses; performance of community service was ordered for 14% of all convictions; and payment of restitution was ordered for almost 34% of all convictions.

Misdemeanor Convictions

- During Fiscal Year 1999/00, sentences for 170,027 misdemeanor convictions were imposed under Structured Sentencing. (This number excludes Driving While Impaired convictions, cases disposed of by magistrates, Class 2 and Class 3 criminal traffic offenses, and Class 3 local ordinance offenses.)
- Ten percent of misdemeanor convictions fell into Offense Class A1, 54% fell into Offense Class 1, almost 21% fell into Offense Class 2, and the remainder fell into Offense Class 3.
- Forty-six percent of misdemeanor convictions had a Prior Conviction Level I (0 points), 41% had a Prior Conviction Level II (1-4 points), and the remainder had a Prior Conviction Level III (5 or more points).
- The greatest number of misdemeanor convictions fell into Offense Class 1 with Prior Conviction Level II.
- Seventy-nine percent of all misdemeanor offenders were male; 40% were under the age of 26; and 48% were Black.
- Fifteen percent of misdemeanor convictions resulted in an Active punishment, 1% resulted in an Intermediate punishment, and 84% resulted in a Community punishment.
- Public order offenses accounted for the majority of misdemeanor convictions (47%), while misdemeanor person offenses accounted for the lowest proportion (13%). Convictions for person and property offenses were most likely to result in an Active punishment (16%). Person offenses resulted in the longest average sentences.
- Where a specific intermediate sanction was indicated in the AOC database, Intensive Supervision Probation was the most frequently invoked punishment. Offenders convicted of a Class 1 offense with Prior Conviction Level III most frequently received Intensive Supervision Probation.
- Of all misdemeanor offenders who received a Community punishment, 50% received unsupervised probation; 28% received supervised probation; and 12% were ordered to perform community service, pay restitution and/or a fine as their most serious punishment. The remainder had no sanction specified.
- Approximately 9% of all misdemeanor offenders were ordered to perform community service and 16% were ordered to pay restitution. On average, offenders were ordered to perform 36 hours of community service. The mean amount of restitution ordered was \$587. The median amount of restitution ordered was \$169.

SECTION I FELONY CONVICTIONS IN FISCAL YEAR 1999/00

A. Definition of the Unit of Analysis

The unit of analysis for this report is convictions disposed of in a sentencing episode.

Definition of a Sentencing Episode:

A sentencing episode is identified from court records as the sentence(s) imposed for the most serious conviction on a given day of court. While a sentencing episode involves one offender, in our reporting time frame an offender may be represented by more than one sentencing episode (meaning that within the fiscal year the number of offenders will be the same as or less than the number of sentencing episodes reported). For the sake of simplicity, throughout the report the unit of analysis is referred to as "convictions."

B. Felony Convictions

This section contains information on felony convictions and sentences imposed under Structured Sentencing during Fiscal Year 1999/00. Overall, sentences for 27,737 felony convictions were imposed. (This number excludes sentences imposed for drug trafficking and violent habitual felon convictions, which are subject to mandatory penalties. Information regarding convictions for these offenses is summarized in *Section VII: Special Issues*.) For many of the tables, information on 3,591 convictions (or 13%) was excluded due to data discrepancies. Such exclusions are noted at the end of each table. Efforts are ongoing to understand the nature of the data discrepancies and to resolve reporting problems.

C. Distribution of Convictions within the Felony Structured Sentencing Grid

Table 1 shows the distribution of felony convictions within the Structured Sentencing Grid. Overall, the greatest number of convictions fell into Offense Class H (n=9,653 or 40%) and into Prior Record Level II (n=8,701 or 36%). Relative to other grid cells, the greatest number of convictions fell into Offense Class I with Prior Record Level II (n=3,147 or 13%). Sentences imposed for Offense Classes A-E accounted for 11% of felony convictions during FY 1999/00. Seventy percent of sentences imposed were for Class H and I felony convictions.

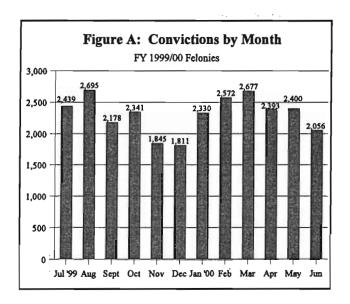
Table 1: Distribution of Convictions within the Felony Structured Sentencing Grid FY 1999/00 Felonies

Offense	Prior Record Level							
Class	I 0 Pts	II 1-4 Pts	III 5-8 Pts	IV 9-14 Pts	V 15-18 Pts	VI 19+ Pts	Total	
A	47 (0.2%)	11 (0.0%)	5 (0.0%)	7 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.0%)	71 (0.2%)	
B1	51 (0.2)	36 (0.2%)	11 (0.0%)	14 (0.1%)	3 (0.0%)	2 (0.0%)	117 (0.5%)	
B2	81 (0.3%)	101 (0.4%)	42 (0.2%)	18 (0.1%)	6 (0.0%)	3 (0.0%)	251 (1.0%)	
С	73 (0.3%)	141 (0.6%)	159 (0.7%)	164 (0.6%)	43 (0.2%)	38 (0.2%)	618 (2.6%)	
D	213 (0.9%)	246 (1.0%)	133 (0.5%)	89 (0.4%)	18 (0.1%)	17 (0.1%)	716 (3.0%)	
E	362 (1.5%)	408 (1.7%)	112 (0.5%)	73 (0.3%)	17 (0.1%)	13 (0.0%)	985 (4.1%)	
F	589 (2.4%)	541 (2.2%)	334 (1.4%)	148 (0.6%)	25 (0.1%)	25 (0.1%)	1,662 (6.8%)	
G	552 (2.3%)	963 (4.0%)	700 (2.9%)	457 (1.9%)	73 (0.3%)	40 (0.2%)	2,785 (11.6%)	
н	2,683 (11.1%)	3,107 (12.9%)	2,087 (8.6%)	1,323 (5.5%)	312 (1.3%)	141 (0.6%)	9,653 (40.0%)	
I	1,955 (8.1%)	3,147 (13.0%)	1,126 (4.7%)	739 (3.1%)	197 (0.8%)	124 (0.5%)	7,288 (30.2%)	
TOTAL	6,606 (27.3%)	8,701 (36.0%)	4,709 (19.5%)	3,032 (12.6%)	694 (2.9%)	404 (1.7%)	24,146 (100%)	

Note: Of the 27,737 felony convictions in FY 1999/00, 3,591 convictions were excluded from this table. These convictions did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation).

D. Convictions by Month of Sentencing

Figure A shows the total number of felony convictions by month of sentencing during Fiscal Year 1999/00 (N=27,737). Convictions peaked in August and March and were lowest in November and December.



E. Convictions by Judicial Division, District, and County

Table 2 displays the total number of convictions by judicial division, judicial district, and county. (See Appendix A for a map of judicial divisions and districts.) The distribution of convictions by judicial division ranged from 10% each in the first and sixth judicial divisions to 19% in the fifth judicial division. This table also indicates whether the conviction resulted from a guilty plea or jury Overall, 2.8% of all convictions trial. statewide resulted from jury trials (see Figure B). The percentage of jury trials varied slightly by judicial division with a low of 1.9% in the fourth division and a high of 3.3% in the first, seventh, and eighth divisions.

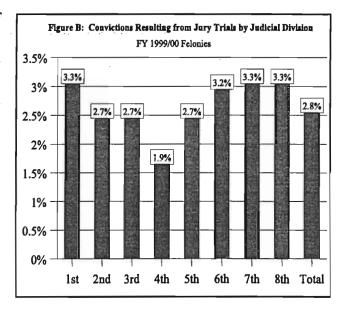


Table 2: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition FY 1999/00 Felonies

Judicial Division, Judicial District,			Mode of Di		
	and County		Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total
First Judicial Division	on		2,762	95	2,857
District 1	Camden		6	0	6
	Chowan		57	0	57
	Currituck		38	1	39
	Dare	ĺ	85	9	94
	Gates		10	1	11
	Pasquotank		178	9	187
	Perquimans		20	0	20
		Total	394	20	414
District 2	Beaufort		246	6	252
	Hyde		24	8	32
	Martin		72	8	80
	Tyrrell	İ	11	0	11
	Washington		46	7	53
		Total	399	29	428
District 3A	Pitt		640	12	652
		Total	640	12	652
District 6A	Halifax		117	5	122
		Total	117	5	122
District 6B	Bertie		99	3	102
	Hertford		151	5	156
	Northampton		106	1	107
		Total	356	9	365
District 7A	Nash		302	5	307
· ·		Total	302	5	307
District 7B,C	Edgecombe		193	5	198
	Wilson		361	10	371
		Total	554	15	569
Second Judicial Division		3,209	89	3,298	
District 3B	Carteret		192	5	197
	Craven		369	3	372
	Pamlico		63	0	63
		Total	624	8	632

Table 2: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition (continued) FY 1999/00 Felonies

Judicial Div	ision, Judicial District,	Mode of D			
	and County		Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total
District 4A	Duplin		181	1	182
	Jones		19	0	19
	Sampson		214	8	222
		Total	414	9	423
District 4B	Onslow		381	4	385
·		Total	381	4	385
District 5	New Hanover		744	26	770
	Pender		114	4	118
		Total	858	30	888
District 8A	Greene		71	5	76
	Lenoir		367	9	376
		Total	438	14	452
District 8B	Wayne		494	24	518
		Total	494	24	518
Third Judicial Divisi	on		4,747	132	4,879
District 9	Franklin		211	2	213
	Granville		189	2	191
	Vance	}	280	0	280
	Warren		57	1	58
		Total	737	5	742
District 9A	Caswell		113	2	115
	Person		194	5	199
		Total	307	7	314
District 10	Wake		1,981	59	2,040
		Total	1,981	59	2,040
District 14	Durham		616	33	649
		Total	616	33	649
District 15A	Alamance		717	18	735
		Total	717	18	735
District 15B	Chatham		87	3	90
	Orange		302	7	309
		Total	389	10	399

Table 2: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition (continued) FY 1999/00 Felonies

Judicial Division, Judicial District,			Mode of Di	Mode of Disposition		
	and County		Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total	
Fourth Judicial Div	ision		3,020	58	3,078	
District 11A	Harnett		329	12	341	
	Lee		282	8	290	
		Total	611	20	631	
District 11B	Johnston		338	2	340	
		Total	338	2	340	
District 12	Cumberland		999	15	1,014	
		Total	999	15	1,014	
District 13	Bladen	.	94	2	96	
	Brunswick	· .	121	. 4	125	
	Columbus		165	5	170	
		Total	380	. 11	391	
District 16A	Hoke		139	0	139	
	Scotland		205	2	207	
		Total	344	2	346	
District 16B	Robeson		348	8	356	
		Total_	348	8	356	
Fifth Judicial Divis	ion		5,017	137	5,154	
District 17A	Rockingham	ALL DO TO	403	10	413	
		Total	403	10	413	
District 17B	Stokes		130	0	130	
	Surry		200	1	201	
		Total	330	1	331	
District 18	Guilford		1,886	57	1,943	
		Total	1,886	57	1,943	
District 19B	Montgomery	7. 1	87	0	87	
	Moore		262	7	269	
	Randolph		251	13	264	
		Total	600	20	620	
District 21	Forsyth		1,440	39	1,479	
		Total	1,440	39	1,479	

Table 2: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition (continued) FY 1999/00 Felonies

Judicial Di	ivision, Judicial District,	Mode of Di	sposition		
	and County		Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total
District 23	Alleghany		31	1	32
	Ashe		27	2	29
	Wilkes	1	230	6	236
	Yadkin		70	1	71
		Total	358	10	368
Sixth Judicial Divis	ion		2,736	91	2,827
District 19A	Cabarrus		491	17	508
		Total	491	17	508
District 19C	Rowan		563	17	580
		Total	563	17	580
District 20A	Anson		99	3	102
	Richmond		233	5	238
		Total	332	8	340
District 20B	Stanly		167	5	172
	Union		315	11	326
		Total	482	16	498
District 22	Alexander		51	3	54
	Davidson		386	16	402
•	Davie		105	4	109
	Iredell		326	10	336
		Total	868	33	901
Seventh Judicial Div	vision		3,628	124	3,752
District 25A	Burke		163	5	168
	Caldwell		144	2	146
		Total	307	7	314
District 25B	Catawba		373	7	380
		Total	373	7	380
District 26	Mecklenburg		2,021	60	2,081
		Total	2,021	60	2,081
District 27A	Gaston		538	37	575
		Total	538	37	575

Table 2: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition (continued) FY 1999/00 Felonies

Judicial Division, Judicial District, and County			Mode of Di		
			Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total
District 27B	Cleveland		223	. 6	229
	Lincoln		166	7	173
		Total	389	13	402
Eighth Judicial Divis	Eighth Judicial Division		1,830	62	1,892
District 24	Avery		23	0	23
	Madison		32	3	35
	Mitchell		28	1	29
	Watauga		45	3	48
	Yancey		21	0	21
		Total	149	7	156
District 28	Buncombe		760	25	785
		Total	760	25	785
District 29	Henderson		195	5	200
	McDowell	ļ	139	4	143
	Polk		34	1	35
	Rutherford		231	8	239
	Transylvania		54	3	51
		Total	653	21	674
District 30A	Cherokee		50	0	50
	Clay		36	0	36
	Graham		18	3	2
	Macon		40	0	4
	Swain		22	1	2:
		Total	166	4	17
District 30B	Haywood		77	4	8
	Jackson		25	1	2
		Total	102	. 5	10
STATE TOTAL	200 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (26,949	788	27,73

F. Felony Pleas in District Court

In 1996 the General Assembly amended the law to allow District Court judges to accept pleas for Class H and I felonies. This amendment applies to offenses committed on or after December 1, 1996. In Fiscal Year 1999/00, 1,648 Class H (or 14% of Class H convictions) and 1,070 Class I (or 13% of Class I convictions) felony pleas were accepted in District Court for a total of 2,718 pleas (14% of all Class H and I felony convictions).

II. CHARACTERISTICS OF OFFENDERS

This section provides a breakdown of convictions by offenders' gender, race, and age. Of the 27,737 felony convictions, 87% were for males (see *Figure C*).

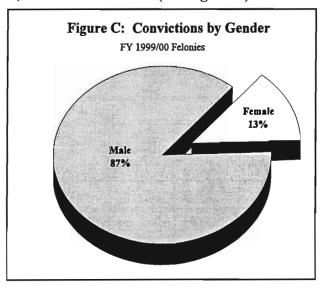
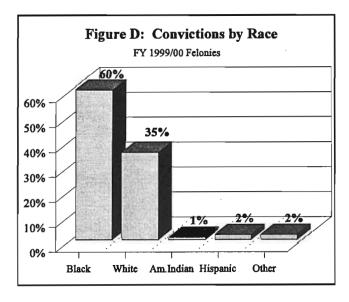


Figure D shows that 60% of all felony offenders were Black, 35% were White, and a small percentage were American Indian (1%), Hispanic (2%), or Other (2%).



Twenty-one percent of felony convictions were for offenders under the age of 21, 23% were 21-25 years of age, 14% were 26-29 years of age, 26% were 30-39 years of age, 12% were 40-49 years of age, and 4% were 50 years of age or older. Figure E illustrates that the volume of offenders peaks in the late teens and early twenties, and then generally declines as age increases. Table 3 provides a summary of convictions by gender, race, and age of offenders.

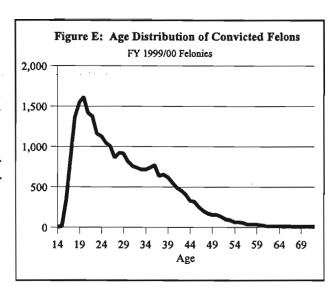


Table 3: Convictions by Gender, Race, and Age FY 1999/00 Felonies

		Age						
Gende	er and Race	<21	21-25	26-29	30-39	40-49	>49	Total
	White	1,787	1,573	1,017	2,101	1,020	359	7,857
	Black	3,375	3,595	1,972	3,590	1,683	451	14,666
	Hispanic	92	160	99	98	25	9	483
Male	Amer. Indian	56	57	39	58	36	7	253
	Other	68	51	40	36	17	5	217
	Subtotal	5,378	5,436	3,167	5,883	2,781	831	23,476
	White	199	290	252	630	272	64	1,707
	Black	186	379	268	628	280	56	1,797
	Hispanic	4	5	4	4	1	1	19
Female	Amer. Indian	3	14	11	20	11	3	62
	Other	7	6	4	8	. 7	0	32
	Subtotal	399	694	539	1,290	571	124	3,617
1	OTAL	5,777	6,130	3,706	7,173	3,352	955	27,093

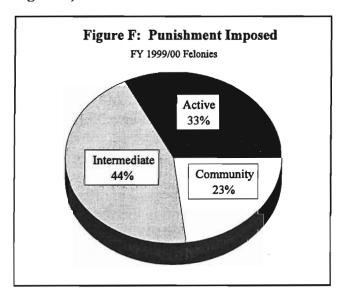
Note: Of the 27,737 felony convictions in FY 1999/00, 644 convictions with missing values for offenders' age were excluded from this table.

III. PUNISHMENT IMPOSED FOR FELONIES

This section details the type of punishment imposed (Active, Intermediate, or Community) for convictions and sentences during Fiscal Year 1999/00. The tables in this section also show the average minimum and maximum sentences for convictions for which an Active punishment was imposed. The reader should note that this information is based on the most serious sentence an offender received.¹

A. Overall Punishment

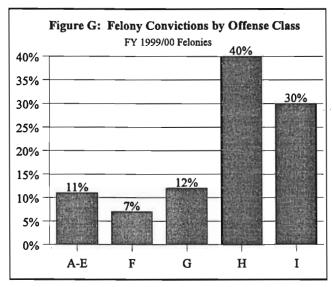
An Active punishment was imposed for 33% of felony convictions, an Intermediate punishment was imposed for 44% of felony convictions, and a Community punishment was imposed for 23% of felony convictions (see *Figure F*).



B. Punishment Imposed by Offense Class and Prior Record Level

Figure G shows the percentage of convictions by offense class. The majority of felony convictions were for Class H and Class I offenses. (See Appendix B for sample offenses for each offense class.) As shown in Figure H, the majority of felony convictions (63%) were for offenders with Prior Record Levels I and II, indicating little or no prior criminal record. About 5% of convictions were for offenders with serious prior criminal histories (Prior Record Levels V and VI).

Convictions that did not fit within the sentencing grid were excluded from this section (n=3,591 or 13%). These convictions did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation).



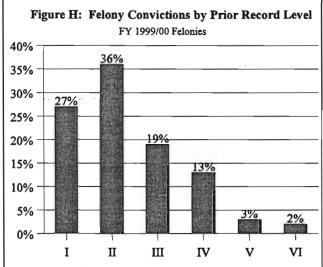


Table 4 presents felony convictions and sentences imposed within the context of the felony sentencing grid (see also *Table 1*). The table also includes the average minimum and maximum sentences for convictions for which an Active sentence was imposed.² The majority of convictions fell within Offense Class I with Prior Record Level II (n=3,147 or 13%), followed closely by convictions within Offense Class H with Prior Record Level II (n=3,107 or 13%). Relative to the other grid cells in which an Active sentence can be imposed, convictions for a Class H offense with Prior Record Level I were least likely to have an Active sentence imposed (7%).

The data presented in *Table 4* indicate that the percentage of offenders receiving an Active sentence increases as the offense class increases. As shown in the vertical "Total" column in *Table 4*, the average minimum and maximum sentences imposed increase as offense class increases. The average minimum sentence for all convictions resulting in an Active punishment (n=7,874) was 34 months. The lowest average minimum sentence was imposed for Class I convictions (7 months). Excluding life and death sentences, the highest average minimum sentence was imposed for Class B1 convictions (261 months).

Convictions for offenders falling into Prior Record Levels I, II, and VI resulted in the highest average minimum sentences (46 months, 36 months, and 41 months respectively). The higher minimum sentences for the lower prior record levels can be attributed to the fact that the majority of offenders eligible for an Active sentence in these prior record levels are those convicted in the more serious offense classes (*i.e.*, Class B1 through E felonies).

For information on punishment imposed by judicial division, see Appendix C.

² Sentences resulting in life without parole or death were excluded from the calculation of the average minimum and maximum sentences.

Table 4: Convictions and Sentences by Offense Class and Prior Record Level FY 1999/00 Felonies

Prior Record Level							
Offense	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	Total
Class	0 Pts	1-4 Pts	5-8 Pts	9-14 Pts	15-18 Pts	19+ Pts	
	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
A	A = 47 (100%)	A = 11 (100%)	A = 5 (100%)	A = 7 (100%)	A = 0 (0%)	A = 1 (100%)	A = 71 (100%)
	(n=47)	(n=11)	(n=5)	(n=7)	(n=0)	(n=1)	(n=71)
	Life/Death	Life/Death	Life/Death	Life/Death	Life/Death	Life/Death	Life/Death
	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
В1	A = 51 (100%)	A = 36 (100%)	A = 11 (100%)	A = 14 (100%)	A = 3 (100%)	A = 2 (100%)	A = 117 (100%)
	(n=51)	(n=36)	(n=11)	(n=14)	(n=3)	(n=2)	(n=117)
	217 min	259 min	325 min	348 min	317 min	480 min	261 min
	268 max	320 max	400 max	423 max	389 max	585 max	322 max
	A	A	A	A	A	A	A.
B2	A = 81 (100%)	A = 101 (100%)	A = 42 (100%)	A = 18 (100%)	A = 6 (100%)	A = 3 (100%)	A = 251 (100%)
	(n=81)	(n=101)	(n=42)	(n=18)	(n=6)	(n=3)	(n=251)
	141 min	175 min	217 min	238 min	251 min	309 min	179 min
	179 max	219 max	270 max	295 max	311 max	380 max	224 max
	A	A	A	A	A	A	· A
C	A = 73 (100%)	A = 141 (100%)	A = 159 (100%)	A = 164 (100%)	A = 43 (100%)	A = 38 (100%)	A = 618 (100%)
	(n=73)	(n=141)	(n=159)	(n=164)	(n=43)	(n=38)	(n=618)
	66 min	81 min	90 min	105 min	117 min	131 min	93 min
	88 max	106 max	118 max	135 max	149 max	167 max	121 max
	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
D	A = 213 (100%)	A = 246 (100%)	A = 133 (100%)	A = 89 (100%)	A = 18 (100%)	A = 17 (100%)	A = 716 (100%)
	(n=213)	(n=246)	(n=133)	(n=89)	(n=18)	(n=17)	(n=716)
	52 min	63 min	86 min	102 min	119 min	131 min	72 min
	71 max	85 max	113 max	132 max	152 max	166 max	96 max
	I/A	I/A	A	A	A	A	I/A
E	1 = 270 (75%) A = 92 (25%) (n=362)	I = 252 (62%) A = 156 (38%) (n=408)	A = 112 (100%) (n=112)	A = 73 (100%) (n=73)	A = 17 (100%) (n=17)	A = 13 (100%) (n=13)	I = 522 (53%) A = 463 (47%) (n=985)
	24 min	26 min	31 min	40 min	46 min	53 min	30 min
	37 max	40 max	46 max	57 max	65 max	72 max	45 max
	I/A	I/A	I/A	A	A	A	I/A
F	I = 412 (70%) A = 177 (30%) (n=589)	1 = 325 (60%) A = 216 (40%) (n=541)	I = 157 (47%) A = 177 (53%) (n=334)	A = 148 (100%) (n=148)	A = 25 (100%) (n=25)	A = 25 (100%) (n=25)	I = 894 (54%) A = 768 (46%) (n=1,662)
	15 min	16 min	19 min	22 min	30 min	35 min	19 min
	18 max	20 max	23 max	27 max	36 max	43 max	23 max

Table 4: Convictions and Sentences by Offense Class and Prior Record Level (continued)

FY 1999/00 Felonies

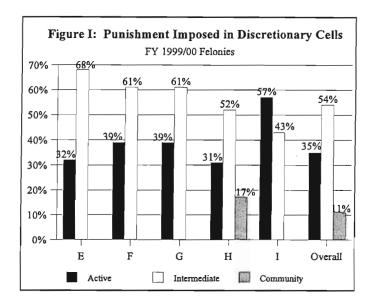
000			Prior Reco	rd Level				
Offense Class	I 0 Pts	II 1-4 Pts	III 5-8 Pts	IV 9-14 Pts	V 15-18 Pts	VI 19+ Pts	Total	
	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	A	A	I/A	
G	I = 454 (82%) A = 98 (18%) (n=552)	I = 689 (72%) A = 274 (28%) (n=963)	I = 328 (47%) A = 372 (53%) (n=700)	I = 155 (34%) A = 302 (66%) (n=457)	A = 73 (100%) (n=73)	A = 40 (100%) (n=40)	I = 1,626 (58%) A = 1,159 (42%) (n=2,785)	
	12 min 14 max	13 min 16 max	14 min 17 max	17 min 21 max	19 min 23 max	26 min 32 max	15 min 19 max	
	C/I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	A	C/I/A	
н	C = 1,646 (61%) I = 842 (32%) A = 195 (7%) (n=2,683)	I = 2,311 (74%) A = 796 (26%) (n=3,107)	I = 1,145 (55%) A = 942 (45%) (n=2,087)	I = 497 (38%) A = 826 (62%) (n=1,323)	I = 102 (33%) A = 210 (67%) (n=312)	A = 141 (100%) (n=141)	C = 1,646 (17%) I = 4,897 (51%) A = 3,110 (32%) (n=9,653)	
	6 min 7 max	7 min 9 max	9 min 11 max	10 min 13 max	13 min 16 max	18 min 22 max	9 min 11 max	
	С	СЛ	I	I/A	I/A	I/A	C/I/A	
1	C = 1,955 (100%) (n=1,955)	C = 2,087 (66%) I = 1,060 (34%) (n=3,147)	I = 1,126 (100%)	I = 351 (47%) A = 388 (53%) (n=739)	I = 65 (33%) A = 132 (67%) (n=197)	I = 43 (35%) A = 81 (65%) (n=124)	C = 4,042 (56%) I = 2,645 (36%) A = 601 (8%) (n=7,288)	
	N/A	N/A	(n=1,126) N/A	7 min 9 max	8 min 10 max	9 min 11 max	7 min 9 max	
	C/I/A	C/I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	C/I/A	
TOTAL	C = 3,601 (55%) I = 1,978 (30%) A = 1,027 (15%) (n=6,606)	C = 2,087 (24%) I = 4,637 (53%) A = 1,977 (23%) (n=8,701)	I = 2,756 (59%) A = 1,953 (41%) (n=4,709)	I = 1,003 (33%) A = 2,029 (67%) (n=3,032)	I = 167 (24%) A = 527 (76%) (n=694)	I = 43 (11%) A = 361 (89%) (n=404)	C = 5,688 (23%) I = 10,584 (44%) A = 7,874 (33%) (n=24,146)	
	46 min 60 max	36 min 47 max	30 min 39 max	29 min 36 max	31 min 39 max	41 min 51 max	34 min 43 max	

Note: Of the 27,737 felony convictions in FY 1999/00, 3,591 convictions were excluded from this table. These convictions did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation). Sentences resulting in life without parole or death were excluded from the calculation of the average minimum and maximum sentences.

C. Punishment Imposed in Discretionary Cells

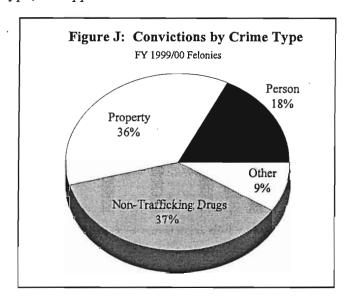
As shown in *Table 4*, where the judge had the option of imposing either an Active or community-based punishment (i.e., either an Intermediate or Community punishment), an Intermediate punishment was most likely to be imposed for convictions falling within Offense Class G with Prior Record Level I (82%), while an Active sentence was most likely to be imposed for convictions falling within Offense Classes H and I with Prior Record Level V (both 67%).

Figure I summarizes sentences imposed by offense class for these discretionary cells.



D. Punishment Imposed by Crime Type

During Fiscal Year 1999/00, non-trafficking drug offenses accounted for 37% of convictions, followed closely by convictions for property offenses (36%). (See Figure J.) For additional data on convictions by crime type, see Appendix D.



The type of punishment imposed by crime type is shown in *Table 5*. Relative to other crime types, convictions for person offenses were most likely to result in the imposition of an Active punishment (60%), while convictions for non-trafficking drug offenses were least likely to result in the imposition of an Active punishment (19%). Of the four crime types, property and non-trafficking drug convictions had the highest percentage of Intermediate punishment sentences (both 46%) and non-trafficking drug convictions had the highest percentage of Community punishment sentences (35%).

Table 5 also displays the average minimum and maximum sentence lengths for convictions in which an Active punishment was imposed. The longest average Active sentences were imposed for person convictions.

Table 5: Convictions and Sentences by Crime Type FY 1999/00 Felonies

			Type of Pu	nishmen	Minimum	Maximum			
Crime Type	Active		Intermediate		Community		Active Sentence	Active Sentence	Total
	#	%	#	%	#	%	(months)	(months)	
Person	2,628	60	1,662	38	60	2	67	86	4,350
Property	2,393	28	3,993	46	2,226	26	12	15	8,612
Non-Trafficking Drug	1,714	19	4,156	46	3,159	35	11	13	9,029
Other Felony	1,139	53	773	36	243	11	41	53	2,155
TOTAL	7,874	33	10,584	44	5,688	23	34	43	24,146

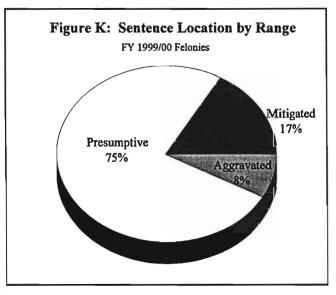
Note: Of the 27,737 felony convictions in FY 1999/00, 3,591 convictions were excluded from this table. These convictions did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation).

IV. SENTENCE LOCATION IN THE SENTENCING RANGES

This section presents information regarding the location of sentences imposed in the sentencing ranges and deals only with convictions for which an Active sentence was imposed (n=7,874). Class A convictions, which are subject to mandatory life or death sentences, are excluded from this section (n=71), as are Class B1 convictions that fall in the aggravated range of Prior Record Levels V and VI with a sentence of life without parole (n=1).

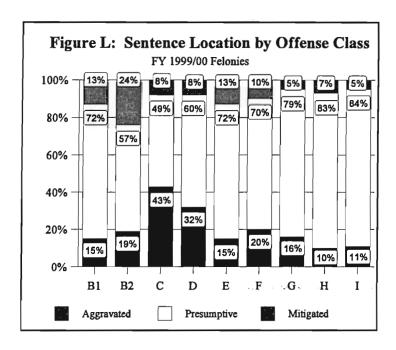
A. Sentence Location

Figure K shows that 75% of all Active sentences fell within the presumptive range; 17% fell within the mitigated range; and 8% fell within the aggravated range.



B. Sentence Location by Offense Class and Prior Record Level

Figure L displays the percentage of convictions falling within the aggravated, presumptive, and mitigated ranges by offense class for Active sentences.



For information regarding sentence location by offense class and prior record level, see *Table 6*. Convictions for Class H and Class I offenses had the highest percentage of Active sentences in the presumptive range (83% and 84% respectively), while convictions for Class C offenses had the lowest percentage of Active sentences in the presumptive range (49%). Convictions falling into Prior Record Level I had the highest percentage of Active sentences both in the mitigated range (20%) and in the aggravated range (12%).

Table 6: Sentence Location by Offense Class and Prior Record Level
(Active Sentences Only)
FY 1999/00 Felonies

Offense	Sentencing Range		Prior Record Level							
Class		I 0 Pts	II 1-4 Pts	III 5-8 Pts	IV 9-14 Pts	V 15-18 Pts	VI 19+ Pts	Total		
	Mitigated	7 (14%)	7 (19%)		3 (21%)	(33%)		18 (15%)		
B1	Presumptive	38 (74%)	23 (64%)	(82%)	10 (72%)	2 (67%)	1 (100%)	83 (72%)		
	Aggravated	6 (12%)	6 (17%)	2 (18%)	1 (7%)			15 (13%)		
	Subtotal	51	36	11	14	3	1	116		
	Mitigated	21 (26%)	18 (18%)	7 (17%)	1 (6%)	1 (17%)		48 (19%)		
B2	Presumptive	45 (56%)	60 (59%)	17 (40%)	15 (83%)	4 (66%)	3 (100%)	144 (57%)		
	Aggravated	15 (18%)	23 (23%)	18 (43%)	2 (11%)	1 (17%)		59 (24%)		
	Subtotal	81	101	42	18	6	3	251		
200 St. 10	Mitigated	11 (15%)	55 (39%)	80 (50%)	80 (49%)	22 (51%)	15 (39%)	263 (43%)		
С	Presumptive	51 (70%)	74 (53%)	67 (42%)	69 (42%)	20 (47%)	23 (61%)	304 (49%)		
4	Aggravated	11 (15%)	12 (8%)	12 (8%)	15 (9%)	1 (2%)		51 (8%)		
200	Subtotal	73	141	159	164	43	38	618		
Policy of the Control	Mitigated	84 (39%)	82 (33%)	41 (31%)	20 (23%)	1 (6%)	3 (18%)	231 (32%)		
D	Presumptive	117 (55%)	146 (60%)	80 (60%)	60 (67%)	15 (83%)	13 (76%)	431 (60%)		
	Aggravated	12 (6%)	18 (7%)	12 (9%)	9 (10%)	2 (11%)	1 (6%)	54 (8%)		
	Subtotal	213	246	133	89	18	17	716		

Table 6: Sentence Location by Offense Class and Prior Record Level (continued)
(Active Sentences Only)
FY 1999/00 Felonies

Offense	Sentencing		Prior Record Level								
Class	Range	I 0 Pts	II 1-4 Pts	III 5-8 Pts	IV 9-14 Pts	V 15-18 Pts	VI 19+ Pts	Total			
	Mitigated	10 (11%)	19 (12%)	20 (18%)	17 (23%)	4 (23%)		70 (15%)			
E	Presumptive	63 (68%)	120 (77%)	73 (65%)	53 (73%)	11 (65%)	12 (92%)	332 (72%)			
	Aggravated	19 (21%)	17 (11%)	19 (17%)	3 (4%)	2 (12%)	1 (8%)	61 (13%)			
	Subtotal	92	156	112	73	17	13	463			
	Mitigated	31 (18%)	50 (23%)	31 (18%)	29 (20%)	5 (20%)	4 (16%)	150 (20%)			
F	Presumptive	119 (67%)	148 (69%)	130 (73%)	108 (73%)	16 (64%)	19 (76%)	540 (70%)			
	Aggravated	27 (15%)	18 (8%)	16 (9%)	11 (7%)	4 (16%)	2 (8%)	78 (10%)			
	Subtotal	177	216	177	148	25	25	768			
	Mitigated	13 (13%)	39 (14%)	57 (15%)	57 (19%)	11 (15%)	4 (10%)	181 (16%)			
G	Presumptive	76 (78%)	222 (81%)	296 (80%)	229 (76%)	56 (77%)	34 (85%)	913 (79%)			
	Aggravated	9 (9%)	13 (5%)	19 (5%)	16 (5%)	6 (8%)	2 (5%)	65 (5%)			
	Subtotal	98	274	372	302	73	40	1,159			
	Mitigated	20 (10%)	78 (10%)	99 (10%)	72 (9%)	20 (9%)	16 (11%)	305 (10%)			
н	Presumptive	160 (82%)	643 (81%)	806 (86%)	700 (85%)	176 (84%)	112 (80%)	2,597 (83%)			
	Aggravated	15 (8%)	75 (9%)	37 (4%)	54 (6%)	14 (7%)	13 (9%)	208 (7%)			
	Subtotal	195	796	942	826	210	141	3,110			

Table 6: Sentence Location by Offense Class and Prior Record Level (continued)
(Active Sentences Only)
FY 1999/00 Felonies

Off	0.44	Prior Record Level							
Offense Class	Sentencing Range	I 0 Pts	II 1-4 Pts	III 5-8 Pts	IV 9-14 Pts	V 15-18 Pts	VI 19+ Pts 11 (13%) 67 (83%) 3 (4%) 81	Total	
	Mitigated				42 (11%)	14 (10%)	1	67 (11%)	
·I	Presumptive				326 (84%)	113 (86%)		506 (84%)	
•	Aggravated				20 (5%)	5 (4%)		28 (5%)	
	Subtotal	N/A	N/A	N/A	388	132	81	601	
	Mitigated	197 (20%)	348 (18%)	335 (17%)	321 (16%)	79 (15%)	53 (15%)	1,333 (17%)	
TOTAL	Presumptive	669 (68%)	1,436 (73%)	1,478 (76%)	1,570 (78%)	413 (78%)	284 (79%)	5,85 0 (75%)	
	Aggravated	114 (12%)	182 (9%)	135 (7%)	131 (6%)	35 (7%)	22 (6%)	619 (8%)	
	Subtotal	980	1,966	1,948	2,022	527	359	7,802	

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation) were excluded from this table. In addition, seventy-two convictions requiring a mandatory life or death sentence were excluded from this table.

C. Sentence Location by Crime Type

The sentence location for selected crime types is contained in *Table 7*. Of the four crime types, convictions for person offenses accounted for the highest percentage of aggravated sentences (13%). Convictions in the category of other felony offenses accounted for the lowest percentage of presumptive sentences (62%), the highest percentage of mitigated sentences (34%), and the lowest percentage of aggravated sentences (4%) relative to the other crime types. For additional information regarding convictions by crime type, see *Appendix D*.

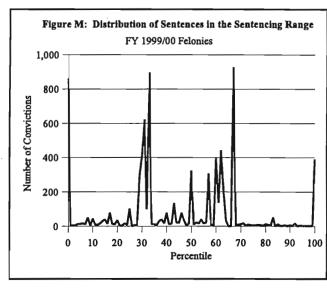
Table 7: Sentence Location by Crime Type
(Active Sentences Only)
FY 1999/00 Felonies

Crime Type	Mitigated Range		Presumptive Range		Aggravated Range		Total
	#	%	#	%	#	%	
Person	478	19	1,751	68	327	13	2,556
Property	237	10	2,015	84	141	6	2,393
Non-Trafficking Drug	230	13	1,382	81	102	6	1,714
Other Felony	388	34	702	62	49	4	1,139
TOTAL	1,333	17	5,850	75	619	8	7,802

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation) were excluded from this table. In addition, seventy-two convictions requiring a mandatory life or death sentence were excluded from this table.

D. Length of Active Sentence Relative to the Sentencing Range

Viewing the entire sentencing range as a continuum from the lowest possible sentence imposed in the mitigated range to the highest possible sentence imposed in the aggravated range, on average the 7,802 Active sentences imposed (excluding the 72 convictions with mandatory life or death sentences) fell near the midpoint of the range (at the 43rd percentile above the minimum). Close examination of the actual location of each Active sentence within its respective range revealed that the majority of offenders were sentenced within the first or fourth quarter of the presumptive portion of the range (32.3% and 33.2% of all cases, respectively) (see *Figure M* and *Table 8*).

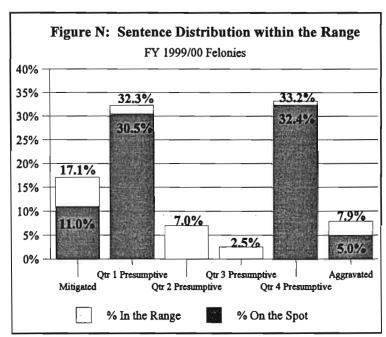


Further analysis indicates that over three-quarters (78.9%) of all Active sentences were located on one of only *four* specific spots of their

respective ranges (i.e., the lowest spot of the mitigated range, the lowest spot of the presumptive range, the highest spot of the presumptive range, and the highest spot of the aggravated range). As

shown in *Table 8* and *Figure N*, 11% of Active sentences fell on the lowest point of the mitigated range; 30.5% fell on the lowest point of the presumptive range; 32.4% fell on the highest point of the presumptive range; and 5% fell on the highest point of the aggravated range.

A similar pattern is evident by crime type, especially for property and drug offenses, with 85.6% and 85.5% of all Active sentences, respectively, located on four specific spots of the range. This pattern is less apparent for person offenses, with only 69.9% of all sentences on the four spots, and with a considerably higher rate of sentences outside the presumptive range.



Note: Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

Table 8: Sentencing Range by Crime Type FY 1999/00 Felonies

	Location in the Range									
	9/		Presumpt	0/	% on					
Offense Type	% Mitigated Range (Min. Spot)	% First Quarter (Min. Spot)	% Second Quarter	% Third Quarter	% Fourth Quarter (Max. Spot)	% Aggravated Range (Max. Spot)	the Four Spots			
Person	18.7 (10.6)	27.7 (23.6)	6.3	4.9	29.6 (27.7)	12.8 (8.0)	69.9			
Property	9.9 (6.8)	36.2 (35.8)	8.1	0.7	39.2 (39.1)	5.9 (3.9)	85.6			
Non-Traff. Drugs	13.4 (10.2)	35.1 (34.9)	7.2	1.6	36.7 (36.5)	6.0 (3.9)	85.5			
Other Felonies	34.1 (21.9)	30.0 (27.9)	6.0	2.1	23.5 (22.4)	4.3 (2.5)	74.7			
TOTAL	17.1 (11.0)	32.3 (30.5)	7.0	2.5	33.2 (32.4)	7.9 (5.0)	78.9			

Note: Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

V. INTERMEDIATE PUNISHMENTS

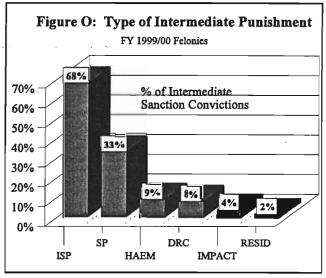
This section summarizes the types of intermediate sanctions imposed. It only includes convictions for which an Intermediate punishment was imposed. Under Structured Sentencing, all offenders who receive an Intermediate punishment must receive a term of supervised probation plus at least one additional sanction. The specific intermediate sanctions are Intensive Supervision Probation (ISP), Special Probation (SP), House Arrest with Electronic Monitoring (HAEM), Intensive Motivational Program of Alternative Correctional Treatment (IMPACT), Day Reporting Center (DRC), and Residential Treatment Facility (RESID). See Appendix E for a brief description of each type of intermediate sanction, and Appendix F for additional information on Special Probation.

During Fiscal Year 1999/00, Intermediate punishments were imposed for 10,584 convictions, with an average supervised probation sentence length of 35 months. The specific type(s) of intermediate sanction(s) imposed was reported in the AOC database for 9,718 convictions -- a reporting rate of 92%.³ As a result, these figures may not fully reflect offender participation in these programs. In addition, these sanctions are not equally available across the state.

It is possible that a single conviction could result in the imposition of more than one intermediate sanction. Consequently, the following tables reflect the total number of intermediate sanctions imposed rather than the total number of offenders receiving an intermediate sanction.

A. Intermediate Punishments Imposed

Figure O illustrates the percentage of convictions for which specific intermediate sanctions were imposed. The figure indicates that Intensive Supervision (68%) accounted for the highest percentage of convictions for which a specific intermediate sanction was reported. Assignment to a Residential Treatment Facility (RESID) accounted for the smallest percentage of convictions for which a specific intermediate sanction was reported (2%).



Note: The percentages in this figure do not add to 100%.

³ It is not clear why the specific types of intermediate sanctions are not always reported. In some cases, a sanction may not have been specified in court. In other instances the information may not have been entered into the appropriate data field in the AOC's Criminal Information System. The reporting rate for intermediate sanctions has improved since the implementation of CourtFlow in superior court by the Administrative Office of the Courts. The Sentencing Commission and the AOC are continuing to work together to improve the data collected for intermediate sanctions.

B. Intermediate Punishments by Offense Class and Prior Record Level

Table 9 shows the frequency of Intermediate punishments by offense class and prior record level. Of those convictions for which specific intermediate sanctions were reported, the greatest number was imposed for Class H felonies (n=5,459). For Class H, Intensive Supervision Probation was the most frequently invoked sanction (n=3,032). Overall, the least frequently invoked sanction was Residential Treatment Facility (n=142).

Table 9: Type of Intermediate Punishment by Offense Class and Prior Record Level FY 1999/00 Felonies

	Prior		Тур	e of Interme	diate Punis	hment		
Offense Class	Record Level	Special Probation	IMPACT	Residential Facility	Day Reporting Center	Intensive Supervision Probation	House Arrest w/ Elect. Mon.	Total
	I	112	19	3	19	167	19	339
E	п	106	12	3	10	154	28	313
	Subtotal	218	31	6	29	321	47	652
	I	144	14	1	7	258	39	463
	п	121	6	2	12	203	25	369
F	ш	71	1	1	3	98	10	184
	Subtotal	336	21	4	22	559	74	1,016
	I	120	38	6	47	281	46	538
	п	245	51	10	82	417	50	855
G	ш	152	8	6	32	213	20	431
	IV	76	3	8	11	100	16	214
	Subtotal	593	100	30	172	1,011	132	2,038
	1	208	63	7	95	485	76	934
	п	603	82	18	170	1,454	185	2,512
	Ш	353	31	23	71	731	95	1,304
H	IV	178	7	19	37	305	48	594
	v	41	0	5	4	57	8	115
	Subtotal	1,383	183	72	377	3,032	412	5,459

Table 9: Type of Intermediate Punishment by Offense Class and Prior Record Level (continued)
FY 1999/00 Felonies

	Prior	Type of Intermediate Punishment							
Offense Class	Record Level	Special Probation	IMPACT	Residential Facility	Day Reporting Center	Intensive Supervision Probation	House Arrest w/ Elect. Mon.	Total	
	п	218	29	7	92	682	80	1,108	
	Ш	288	17	9	82	720	79	1,195	
_	IV	104	2	10	24	226	20	386	
I	v	23	0	2	6	37	5	73	
	VI	18	0	2	1	19	6	46	
	Subtotal	651	48	30	205	1,684	190	2,808	
TOTAL		3,181	383	142	805	6,607	855	11,973	

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation) were excluded from this table.

C. Intermediate Punishments by Crime Type

Table 10 shows the frequency of Intermediate punishments by crime type. Of those convictions for which a specific intermediate sanction was reported, the largest number was for non-trafficking drug offenses (n=4,674), followed closely by property offenses (n=4,432).

Table 10: Type of Intermediate Punishment by Crime Type FY 1999/00 Felonies

	Type of Intermediate Punishment							
Crime Type	Special Probation	IMPACT	Residential Facility	Day Reporting Center	Intensive Supervision Probation	House Arrest w/ Elect. Mon.	Total	
Person	669	78	20	68	1,052	136	2,023	
Property	1,164	162	72	307	2,383	344	4,432	
Non-Trafficking Drug	1,087	120	43	394	2,722	308	4,674	
Other Felony	261	23	7	36	450	67	844	
TOTAL	3,181	383	142	805	6,607	855	11,973	

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation) were excluded from this table.

VI. COMMUNITY PUNISHMENTS

This section includes only those convictions for which a Community punishment was imposed. During Fiscal Year 1999/00, there were 5,688 convictions for which a Community punishment was imposed. The specific type(s) of Community punishment(s) imposed was reported in the AOC database for 5,599 convictions. Of these 5,599 convictions, 5,384 were for supervised probation; 196 were for unsupervised probation; and 19 were for restitution, fines, and/or community service only. For more information about community service and restitution, refer to Appendix G.

A. Community Punishments by Offense Class

Table 11 shows the type of Community punishment imposed -- either Supervised Probation, Unsupervised Probation, Restitution/Fine/Community Service, or Sanction Not Specified -- by offense class, as well as information regarding the average length of probation sentences. Class I felony offenses accounted for the largest number of convictions for which a Community punishment was imposed (n=4,042). Convictions for Class H felonies resulted in the longest average probation sentences for Community punishments (31 months). Overall, convictions for which a Community punishment was imposed resulted in an average probation sentence of 28 months.

Table 11: Type of Community Punishment by Offense Class FY 1999/00 Felonies

0.00	(Nun				
Offense Class	Supervised	Unsupervised	Restitution/Fine/ Community Service Only	Sanction Not Specified	Total
Н	1,578	43	4	21	1,646
	31 months	28 months	<i>N/A</i>	N/A	31 months
I	3,806	153	15	68	4,042
	27 months	21 months	<i>N/A</i>	N/A	27 months
TOTAL	5,384	196	19	89	5,688
	28 months	23 months	<i>N/A</i>	<i>N/A</i>	28 months

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation) were excluded from this table.

B. Community Punishments by Crime Type

Information regarding the type of Community punishment imposed by crime type is provided in *Table 12*. The table also includes the average length of probation sentences. Non-trafficking drug offenses represented the largest offense category for which a Community punishment was imposed (n=3,159). Convictions for property offenses resulting in a Community punishment had the longest average probation sentences (31 months).

Table 12: Type of Community Punishment by Crime Type FY 1999/00 Felonies

	(N					
Crime Type	Supervised	Unsupervised	Restitution/Fine/ Community Service Only	Sanction Not Specified	Total	
Person	56	4	0	0	60	
	29 months	14 months	N/A	<i>N/A</i>	28 months	
Property	2,115	75	5	31	2,226	
	31 months	24 months	N/A	N/A	31 months	
Non-Trafficking	2,993	103	12	51	3,159	
Drug	26 months	21 months	<i>N/A</i>	<i>N/A</i>	26 months	
Other Felony	220	14	2	7	243	
	29 months	32 months	N/A	N/A	29 months	
TOTAL	5,384	196	19	89	5,688	
	28 months	23 months	<i>N/A</i>	N/A	28 months	

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation) were excluded from this table.

VII. SPECIAL ISSUES

This section reviews other issues of interest, including habitual felon status, firearm enhancement, death and life sentences, and drug trafficking convictions.

A. Habitual Felons

An habitual felon is an offender with at least three prior felony convictions (each conviction having occurred before he or she committed the next offense) who has currently been convicted of a felony offense and who has been found by the court to be an habitual felon. An habitual felon is sentenced as a Class C felon. (N.C. Gen. Stat. §§ 14-7.1 to -7.6) *Table 13* shows the breakdown by offense class and crime type of the most serious conviction associated with habitual felon convictions. There were 560 habitual felon convictions during Fiscal Year 1999/00. Almost one-half (44% or n=245) of habitual felons had a conviction for a Class H offense as their underlying conviction. Felony Breaking and/or Entering was the most frequently occurring most serious crime associated with habitual felon convictions (n=92).

Table 13: Most Serious Crime Associated with Habitual Felon Convictions by Offense Class and Offense FY 1999/00 Felonies

Offense Class	Offense	Total
Class D2	Attempted Murder	1
Class B2	Attempted Murder Subtotal 1" Degree Kidnapping Other Robbery Offense AWDWIKISI Other Assault Offense Other Drug Offense	1
	1" Degree Kidnapping	1
	Class B2 Attempted Murder Subtotal I* Degree Kidnapping Other Robbery Offense AWDWIKISI Other Assault Offense Habitual Felon* Other Offense Subtotal Voluntary Manslaughter Att. Robbery - Dangerous Weapon Other Robbery Offense I* Degree Burglary Subtotal 3 2**d Degree Kidnapping AWDW Intent to Kill AWDW Serious Injury Discharge Weapon - Occ. Property Subtotal Involuntary Manslaughter Indecent Liberties with Child Fail to Register as Sex Offender AWDW - Government Official Assault LEO/PO/Other Ser. Injury Burning Unoccupied Building Trafficking in Cocaine Other Drug Offense Habitual Impaired Driving	1
		2
61G		1
Class C Other Drug Offense Habitual Felon* Other Offense Subtotal Voluntary Manslaughter Att. Robbery - Dangerous Weapon Robbery - Dangerous Weapon	3	
	Habitual Felon*	29
	Other Offense	4
	Subtotal	41
	Voluntary Manslaughter	1
	Att. Robbery - Dangerous Weapon	4 -
	Robbery - Dangerous Weapon	17
Class D	Other Robbery Offense	1
	In Degree Burglary	9
	Subtotal	32
	2 nd Degree Kidnapping	2
	AWDW Intent to Kill	1
Class E	AWDW Serious Injury	7
Class C Class E Cla	Discharge Weapon - Occ. Property	3
	Subtotal	13
	Involuntary Manslaughter	2
	Indecent Liberties with Child	2
	Fail to Register as Sex Offender	2
	AWDW - Government Official	8
Glass T	Assault LEO/PO/Other Ser. Injury	1
Class F	Burning Unoccupied Building	1
	Trafficking in Cocaine	1
	Other Drug Offense	1
	Habitual Impaired Driving	5
	Subtotal	23

Offense Class	Offense	Total
	Common Law Robbery	26
	2 nd Degree Burglary	7
	Sell Cocaine	26
	Sell Heroin	3
	Sell Schedule I Controlled Subst.	1
Class Common Law Robbe 2nd Degree Burglary Sell Cocaine Sell Heroin Sell Schedule I Controlled Sell Schedule II Controlled Conspire Sell Cocain Trafficking in Cocain Other Drug Offense Possession of Firearm by Habitual Impaired Driv Subtotal Habitual Misdemeanor A Breaking and/or Enter Felony Larceny Larceny of a Firearm Larceny by Employe Larceny from the Pers Receiving Stolen Good Possession of Stolen	Sell Schedule II Controlled Subst.	10
Class G	Class Common Law Robbery 2nd Degree Burglary Sell Cocaine Sell Heroin Sell Schedule I Controlled Subst. Sell Schedule II Controlled Subst. Conspire Sell Cocaine Trafficking in Cocaine Other Drug Offense Possession of Firearm by Felon Habitual Impaired Driving Subtotal Habitual Misdemeanor Assault Breaking and/or Entering Felony Larceny Larceny of a Firearm Larceny by Employee Larceny from the Person Receiving Stolen Goods Possession of Stolen Goods Larceny after Break/Enter Class H Larceny of Motor Vehicle Obtain Property by False Pretenses	2
	Trafficking in Cocaine	3
	Other Drug Offense	11
	Possession of Firearm by Felon	20
	Habitual Impaired Driving	2
	Subtotal	111
	Habitual Misdemeanor Assault	4
	Breaking and/or Entering	92
	Felony Larceny	16
	Larceny of a Firearm	1
	Larceny by Employee	1
	Larceny from the Person	5
	Receiving Stolen Goods	1
	Possession of Stolen Goods	13
	Larceny after Break/Enter	4
Class H	Larceny of Motor Vehicle	9
	Obtain Property by False Pretenses	19
	Other Fraud	2
	Possess C.S. Prison/Jail Premises	1
	Sell or Deliver Sch. II C.S.	1
es esta	PWIMSD Sch. I Contr. Subst.	2
	PWIMSD Sch. II Contr. Subst.	5
	Manufacture Cocaine	2
	Sell or Deliver Cocaine	1
	PWISD Cocaine	31

Table 13: Most Serious Crime Associated with Habitual Felon Convictions by Offense Class and Offense (continued) FY 1999/00 Felonies

Offense Class	Offense	Total
	PWIMSD Cocaine	15
	PWIMSD Heroin	1
	Other Drug Offense	4
Class H	Escape from State Prison	2
(cont.)	Possess Stolen Automobile	5
	Flee/Elude Arrest W/ Motor Veh.	7
	Other Offense	1
	Subtotal	245
	Break/Enter Motor Vehicle	17
	Break/Enter Trailer/Aircraft	1
	Forgery of Instrument	8
Class I	Uttering Forged Instrument	9
	Uttering Forged Endorsement	1
	Financial Card Theft	1
	Felony Worthless Check	1

Offense Class	Offense	Total
	Sell/Deliver Counterfeit C.S.	2
	PWICSD Counterfeit Contr. Subst.	1
	Possess Schedule I Contr. Subst.	2
	Possess Schedule II Contr. Subst.	14
	PWISD Marijuana	7
Class I (cont.)	PWIMSD Marijuana	2
(Felony Possession of Marijuana	I
	Felony Possession of Cocaine	24
	Other Drug Offense	1
	Maintain Place Contr. Substance	1
	Subtotal	93
Class 1	Possession of Stolen Goods	1
Misd.	Subtotal	1
	TOTAL	560

^{*} Of the 560 habitual felon convictions, the most serious associated conviction could not be determined for 29 convictions. These 29 convictions are represented in the table as Class C habitual felon convictions.

B. Firearm Enhancement

The firearm enhancement requires the judge to increase an offender's active sentence by sixty months if the offender is convicted of a Class A, B1, B2, C, D, or E felony and he or she used, displayed, or threatened to use or display a firearm during the commission of the felony. The firearm enhancement cannot be applied if the firearm is used to prove an element of the offense, nor can it be applied to non-active sentences. (N.C. Gen. Stat. § 15A-1340.16A) The firearm enhancement was applied to one conviction during Fiscal Year 1999/00.

C. Death and Life without Parole Sentences and Violent Habitual Felon Convictions

Offenders convicted of first degree murder may receive either a death sentence or life without parole. The sentence of life without parole is also required for offenders found to be violent habitual felons, certain offenders convicted of second or subsequent Class B1 felonies, and offenders convicted of first-degree rape or sexual assault who are sentenced from the aggravated range in Prior Record

Levels V and VI. During Fiscal Year 1999/00, 21 death sentences and 54 life without parole sentences were imposed.

A violent habitual felon is an offender with at least two prior Class A, B1, B2, C, D, or E felony convictions (each conviction having occurred before he or she committed the next offense) who has currently been convicted of a Class A, B1, B2, C, D, or E felony offense and who has been found by the court to be a violent habitual felon. A violent habitual felon is sentenced to life without parole. (N.C. Gen. Stat. §§ 14-7.7 to -7.12) Of the 54 life without parole sentences imposed during Fiscal Year 1999/00, three were imposed for violent habitual felon convictions. The most serious offenses associated with these violent habitual felon convictions were conspiracy to commit robbery with a dangerous weapon, first degree murder, and assault with a deadly weapon with intent to kill inflicting serious injury.

D. Drug Trafficking Convictions

As shown in *Table 14*, there were 552 convictions for drug trafficking offenses.⁴ Trafficking Cocaine (Offense Class G) was the most frequently occurring drug trafficking offense (n=230).

Table 14: Drug Trafficking Convictions FY 1999/00 Felonies

			1	ype of I	unishme	nt		Minimum	Maximum	
	Offense Class and Trafficking Offense		Active		Intermediate		munity	Active Sentence	Active	Total
	ramexing offense	#	%	#	%	#	%	(months)	Active Sentence (months) 42.0 42.0 38.0 38.0 117.0	
	Traffic Cocaine	1	100.0					35.0	42.0	1
A	Subtotal	1_	100.0					35.0	42.0	1
	Traffic Cocaine	1	100.0					24.0	38.0	1
B1	Subtotal	1	100.0					24.0	38.0	1
	Traffic Cocaine	1	100.0				•.	90.0	117.0	1
	Traffic Heroin	1	100.0					225.0	279.0	1
C	Consp. Traffic Heroin	1	100.0					95.0	123.0	1
	Other Trafficking	3	100.0					225.0	279.0	3
	Subtotal	6	100.0					180.8	226.0	6

In FY 1999/00 a change was made in the way the Sentencing Commission reports the number of drug trafficking convictions and the sentences imposed for these convictions. The reporting change allows the Commission to capture a larger number of drug trafficking convictions by examining the sentences imposed for convictions with the AOC offense code for "Dangerous Drugs – Free Text" (i.e., offense code 3599). Convictions with sentences that meet the criteria for drug trafficking sentences are counted as such and are represented in the "Other Trafficking" category. These convictions would have previously been counted as non-trafficking drug convictions.

Table 14: Drug Trafficking Convictions (continued) FY 1999/00 Felonies

			-	Type of	Punishme	ent		Minimum	Maximum	
	Offense Class and Frafficking Offense	A	ctive	Inter	mediate	Com	munity	Active Sentence	Active Sentence	Total
:		#	%	#	%	#	%	(months)	(months)	
	Traffic Cocaine	6	66.7	2	22.2	1	11.1	101.7	126.5	9
D	Consp. Traffic Cocaine	3	75.0	1	25.0			73.3	94.0	4
D	Other Trafficking	2	100.0					175.0	219.0	2
	Subtotal	11	73.3	3	20.0	1	6.7	107.3	134.5	15
	Traffic Cocaine			1	100.0					1
E	Traffic Heroin	2	100.0					90.0	117.0	2
	Consp. Traffic Heroin	1	100.0				.	23.0	37.0	1
	Subtotal	3	75.0	1	25.0			67.7	90.3	4
	Traffic Methamphetamine	1	50.0	1	50.0			60.0	81.0	2
	Traffic LSD	1	100.0					35.0	42.0	1
	Consp. Traffic LSD	1	100.0					70.0	84.0	1
	Traffic Cocaine	25	96.2	1	3.8			60.4	72.8	26
F	Traffic Heroin	3	100.0				•	70.0	84.0	3
	Consp. Traffic Cocaine	3	60.0	2	40.0		•	65.0	81.0	5
	Consp. Traffic Heroin			1	100.0					1
	Other Trafficking	25	100.0					70.0	84.0	25
	Subtotal	59	92.2	5	7.8			64.9	78.4	64
	Traffic Amphetamine	1	100.0					35.0	42.0	1
	Traffic Methamphetamine	3	100.0					35.0	42.0	3
	Traffic LSD	3	42.9	3	42.9	1	14.3	26.0	31.3	7
G	Consp. Traffic Methamph.			1	50.0	1	50.0			2
	Traffic MDA/MDMA	I	50.0			1	50.0	35.0	42.0	2
i.	Traffic Marijuana	8	66.7	4	33.3			27.5	33.0	12
	Traffic Methaqualone			1	100.0					1
	Traffic Cocaine	190	82.6	32	13.9	8	3.5	34.2	41.2	230
	Traffic Heroin	1	100.0					. 35.0	42.0	1

Table 14: Drug Trafficking Convictions (continued)
FY 1999/00 Felonies

			1	ype of F	unishme	nt		Minimum	Maximum	
XXXXXXXXXXXX	Ont.:) Other Trafficking Subtotal Traffic LSD Traffic Marijuana Traffic Cocaine	Ac	tive	Intern	nediate	Com	munity	Active Sentence	Active Sentence	Total
	-	#	%	#	%	#	%	(months)		
	Consp. Traffic Marijuana	1	100.0					35.0	42.0	1
G	Consp. Traffic Cocaine	19	67.9	8	28.6	1	3.6	30.4	36.6	28
/×	Other Trafficking	68	85.0	10	12.5	2	2.5	35.0	42.0	80
	Subtotal	295	80.2	59	16.0	14	3.8	33.9	. 40.8	368
	Traffic LSD			•		2	100.0			2
	Traffic Marijuana	39	70.9	14	25.5	2	3.6	23.7	28.5	55
	Traffic Cocaine	5	83.3			1	16.7	18.6	22.6	6
Н	Consp. Traffic Marijuana	5	71.4	2	28.6		:	25.0	30.0	7
	Consp. Traffic Cocaine	1	100.0					12.0	15.0	1
	Other Trafficking	11	73.3	3	20.0	1	6.7	25.0	30.0	15
	Subtotal	61	70.9	19	22.1	6	7.0	23.4	28.2	. 86
	Traffic Marijuana	3	100.0					25.0	30.0	3
	Traffic Cocaine					2	100.0			2
1	Consp. Traffic Marijuana					1	100.0			1
	Consp. Traffic Cocaine					1	100.0			1
	Subtotal	3	42.9			4	57.1	25 <u>.</u> 0	30.0	7
TOTAL	L ·	440	79.7	87	15.8	25	4.5	40.6	49.2	552

Note: This table reflects all drug trafficking convictions regardless of whether the offense classes are correct or whether the sentences are consistent with the minimum and maximum sentences set forth in N.C. Gen. Stat. §90-95(h). For example, according to statute, an offender can only be convicted of trafficking cocaine in Classes D, F, and G; however, in the table, there are Class A, B1, E, and I convictions for trafficking cocaine. Non-active sentences and shorter than mandatory Active sentences may reflect the use of the substantial assistance provision.

SECTION II MISDEMEANOR CONVICTIONS IN FISCAL YEAR 1999/00

I. MISDEMEANOR CONVICTIONS IN FY 1999/00

A. Definition of the Unit of Analysis

The unit of analysis for this report is convictions disposed of in a sentencing episode.

Definition of a Sentencing Episode:

A sentencing episode is identified from court records as the sentence(s) imposed for the most serious conviction on a given day of court. While a sentencing episode involves one offender, in our reporting time frame an offender may be represented by more than one sentencing episode (meaning that within the fiscal year the number of offenders will be the same as or less than the number of sentencing episodes reported). For the sake of simplicity, throughout the report the unit of analysis is referred to as "convictions."

B. Misdemeanor Convictions

This section contains detailed information about misdemeanor convictions and sentences imposed under Structured Sentencing during Fiscal Year 1999/00 (July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2000). Overall, sentences for 170,027 misdemeanor convictions were imposed. For many of the tables, information on 6,384 convictions (4%) was excluded due to data discrepancies. Such exclusions are noted at the end of each table. Efforts are being made to understand the nature of the data discrepancies and to resolve reporting problems.

The following categories of misdemeanor convictions are excluded from this report: 1) misdemeanor Driving While Impaired offenses (since they are not governed by Structured Sentencing laws); 2) cases disposed of by a magistrate; 3) Class 2 and 3 criminal traffic offenses; and 4) Class 3 local ordinance offenses.

C. Distribution of Convictions within the Misdemeanor Structured Sentencing Grid

Table 15 shows the distribution of convictions within the Structured Sentencing Grid. Relative to other grid cells, the greatest number of convictions fell into Offense Class 1 with Prior Conviction Level II (n=38,299 or 23%).

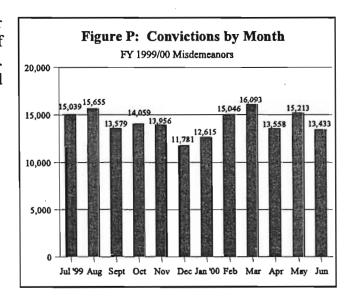
Table 15: Distribution of Convictions within the Misdemeanor Structured Sentencing Grid FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

055	Prio	Prior Conviction Level						
Offense	I	II	III	Total				
Class	0 Pts	1-4 Pts	5+ Pts					
A1	5,483	7,179	3,183	15,845				
	(3.4%)	(4.4%)	(2.0%)	(9.8%)				
1	37,183	38,299	12,493	87,975				
	(22.7%)	(23.4%)	(7.6%)	(53.7%)				
2	17,811	12,723	3,180	33,714				
	(10.9%)	(7.8%)	(1.9%)	(20.6%)				
3	14,264	9,155	2,690	26,109				
	(8.7%)	(5.6%)	(1.6%)	(15.9%)				
TOTAL	74,741	67,356	21,546	163,643				
	(45.7%)	(41.2%)	(13.1%)	(100%)				

Note: Of the 170,027 misdemeanor convictions in FY 1999/00, 6,384 (4%) were excluded from this table. These convictions did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior conviction levels, or for other reasons.

D. Convictions by Month of Sentencing

Figure P shows the number of misdemeanor convictions (N=170,027) by month of sentencing during Fiscal Year 1999/00. Convictions peaked in August and March, and were lowest in December and January.



E. Convictions by Judicial Division, District, and County

Table 16 shows the number of misdemeanor convictions by judicial division, judicial district, and county. The table also indicates whether a conviction occurred in district or superior court and whether it resulted from a guilty plea, a bench trial, or a jury trial. Of the 170,027 convictions in FY 1999/00, 12% (n=19,452) occurred in the first judicial division, 12% (n=19,839) in the second judicial division, 17% (n=28,900) in the third judicial division, 11% (n=18,925) in the fourth judicial division, 14% (n=23,920) in the fifth judicial division, 11% (n=19,200) in the sixth judicial division, 15% (n=25,872) in the seventh judicial division, and 8% (n=13,919) in the eighth judicial division. See *Appendix A* for a map of judicial divisions and districts.

Table 16: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition

FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

****	3. N. 1.180.2.7.4	District Court	Superio	or Court	
	n, Judicial District, County	Guilty Plea/ Bench Trial	Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total.
First Judicial Divis	ion	18,019	1,403	30	19,452
District 1	Camden	80	15	0	95
	Chowan	309	26	0	335
	Currituck	379	17	0	396
	Dare	913	77	.2	992
	Gates	185	19	1	205
	Pasquotank	1,028	85	1	1,114
	Perquimans	139	11	0	150
	Total	3,033	250	4	3,287
District 2	Beaufort	1,553	93	0	1,646
	Hyde	132	7	2	141
	Martin	662	33	3	698
	ТуптеП	85	7	0	92
	Washington	241	14	3	258
	Total	2,673	154	8	2,835
District 3A	Pitt	2,788	318	1	3,107
	Total	2,788	318	1	3,107
District 6A	Halifax	1,855	33	0	1,888
	Total	1,855	33	0	1,888

⁵ For misdemeanor convictions in superior court, see N.C. Gen. Stat. §7A-271(a).

Table 16: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition (continued)

FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

		District Court	Superio	r Court	
Judicial Division, and C	Judicial District, County	Guilty Plea/ Bench Trial	Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total
District 6B	Bertie	524	15	2	541
	Hertford	782	28	2	812
	Northampton	524	51	2	577
	Total	1,830	94	6	1,930
District 7	Edgecombe	1,549	139	7	1,695
	Nash	2,185	247	4	2,436
	Wilson	2,106	168	0	2,274
	Total	5,840	554	11	6,405
Second Judicial Divi	sion	18,693	1,123	23	19,839
District 3B	Carteret	1,552	73	0	1,625
	Craven	2,351	117	6	2,474
	Pamlico	233	27	0	260
	Total	4,136	217	6	4,359
District 4	Duplin	873	85	0	958
	Jones	220	1	. 0	221
	Onslow	2,440	208	2	2,650
	Sampson	1,612	33	0	1,645
	Total	5,145	327	2	5,474
District 5	New Hanover	3,906	162	5	4,073
	Pender	542	52	О	594
	Total	4,448	214	5	4,667
District 8	Greene	344	25	0	369
	Lenoir	1,934	135	2	2,071
	Wayne	2,686	205	8	2,899
	Total	4,964	365	10	5,339
Third Judicial Divis	ion	27,575	1,284	41	28,900
District 9	Franklin	911	76	1	988
	Granville	950	104	2	1,056
	Vance	1,775	126	0	1,901
	Warren	361	46	0	407
	Total	3,997	352	3	4,352

Table 16: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition (continued)

FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

	* 100 t 200 t 1	District Court	Superio	r Court	
Judicial Division, and C		Guilty Plea/ Bench Trial	Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total
District 9A	Caswell	463	48	4	515
	Person	999	119	О	1,118
	Total	1,462	167	4	1,633
District 10	Wake	12,743	187	22	12,952
	Total	12,743	187	22	12,952
District 14	Durham	4,872	94	6	4,972
	Total	4,872	94	6	4,972
District 15A	Alamance	3,134	421	4	3,559
	Total	3,134	421	4	3,559
District 15B	Chatham	435	24	0	459
	Orange	932	39	2	973
	Total	1,367	63	2	1,432
Fourth Judicial Divis	ourth Judicial Division		682	12	18,925
District 11	Harnett	1,753	98	0	1,851
	Johnston	1,821	50	1	1,872
	Lee	1,143	91	1	1,235
	Total	4,717	239	2	4,958
District 12	Cumberland	3,856	183	4	4,043
	Total	3,856	183	4	4,043
District 13	Bladen	737	25	0	762
	Brunswick	1,122	60	2	1,184
	Columbus	1,086	45	1	1,132
	Total	2,945	130	3	3,078
District 16A	Hoke	667	38	0	705
	Scotland	1,393	62	3	1,458
	Total	2,060	100	3	2,163
District 16B	Robeson	4,653	30	0	4,683
	Total	4,653	30	0	4,683
Fifth Judicial Division	n	22,964	932	24	23,920
District 17A	Rockingham	1,788	188	2	1,978
	Total	1,788	188	2	1,978

Table 16: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition (continued)

FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

		District Court	Superio	r Court	
Judicial Division, Ju and Cou		Guilty Plea/ Bench Trial	Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total
District 17B	Stokes	702	36	0	738
	Surry	1,377	86	1	1,464
	Total	2,079	122	1	2,202
District 18	Guilford	6,272	352	7	6,631
	Total	6,272	352	7	6,631
District 19B	Montgomery	784	34	1	819
	Moore	1,546	76	1	1,623
	Randolph	1,945	47	1	1,993
·	Tota	4,275	157	3	4,435
District 21	Forsyth	6,265	70	5	6,340
	Total	6,265	70	5	6,340
District 23	Alleghany	141	5	2	148
	Ashe	294	6	1	301
	Wilkes	1,336	27	1	1,364
	Yadkin	514	5	2	521
	Tota	2,285	43	6	2,334
Sixth Judicial Division	ı	18,050	1,119	31	19,200
District 19A	Саваттиѕ	3,563	222	6	3,791
	Tota	3,563	222	6	3,791
District 19C	Rowan	2,811	120	3	2,934
	Tota	2,811	120	3	2,934
District 20	Anson	804	69	2	875
	Richmond	1,343	162	3	1,508
	Stanly	987	111	2	1,100
	Union	2,063	253	7	2,323
	Tota	5,197	595	14	5,806
District 22	Alexander	553	7	0	560
	Davidson	2,532	76	1	2,609
	Davie	551	29	0	580
	Iredell	2,843	70	7	2,920
	Tota	6,479	182	8	6,669

Table 16: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition (continued)

FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

2 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17		District Court	Superio	r Court	
	, Judicial District, County	Guilty Plea/ Bench Trial	Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total
Seventh Judicial Div	vision	24,948	889	35	25,872
District 25	Burke	1,464	99	2	1,565
	Caldwell	1,507	122	3	1,632
	Catawba	3,234	196	4	3,434
	Total	6,205	417	9	6,631
District 26	Mecklenburg	10,537	237	10	10,784
	Total	10,537	237	10	10,784
District 27A	Gaston	4,671	142	8	4,821
	Total	4,671	142	8	4,821
District 27B	Cleveland	2,463	48	6	2,517
	Lincoln	1,072	45	2	1,119
	Total	3,535	93	8	3,636
Eighth Judicial Divi	sion	13,485	416	18	13,919
District 24	Avery	136	14	0	150
	Madison	231	11	0	242
	Mitchell	131	11	1	143
	Watauga	357	49	0	406
	Yancey	146	10	0	156
	Total	1,001	95	1	1,097
District 28	Buncombe	4,784	63	5	4,852
	Total	4,784	63	5	4,852
District 29	Henderson	1,518	32	0	1,550
	McDowell	938	35	1	974
	Polk	530	5	1	536
	Rutherford	1,754	67	3	1,824
	Transylvania	555	11	1	567
	Total	5,295	150	6	5,451

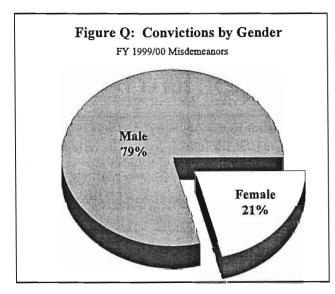
Table 16: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition (continued)

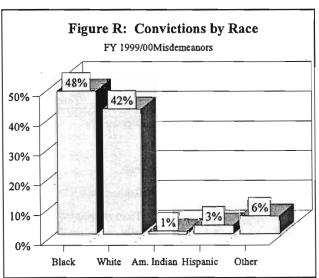
FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

Y 10 C 100 C C	Y 11 (120)	District Court	Superio	r Court	Total	
	n, Judicial District, County	Guilty Plea/ Bench Trial	Guilty Plea	Jury Trial		
District 30	Cherokee	325	15	0	340	
	Clay	63	2	О	65	
	Graham	148	13	0	161	
	Haywood	860	43	3	906	
	Jackson	420	7	o	427	
	Macon	330	17	1	348	
	Swain	259	11	2	272	
	Total	2,405	108	6	2,519	
STATE TOTAL	STATE TOTAL		7,848	214	170,027	

II. CHARACTERISTICS OF OFFENDERS

This section provides a summary of misdemeanor convictions by gender, race, and age of offenders. As indicated in $Figure\ Q$, the majority of misdemeanor convictions were for males (79%). Figure R shows that 48% of all misdemeanor offenders were Black and 42% were White. Only a small percentage were American Indian (1%), Hispanic (3%), or Other (6%).





⁶ Only 2% of felony offenders fell in the "Other" category for race compared to 6% of misdemeanor offenders. Errors in reporting racial composition may account for the unusually large percentage of misdemeanor offenders represented in the "Other" category.

Twenty percent of misdemeanor convictions were for offenders under the age of 21, 20% were 21-25 years of age, 13% were 26-29 years of age, 27% were 30-39 years of age, 15% were 40-49 years of age, and 5% were 50 years of age or older. Figure Sillustrates the age distribution of misdemeanor offenders. As with felons, the volume of offenders peaks in the late teens and early twenties and then generally declines. Table 17 provides a summary of misdemeanor convictions by gender, race, and age of offenders.

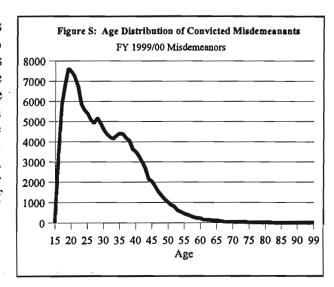


Table 17: Convictions by Gender, Race, and Age FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

		Age						
Gende	er and Race	<21	21-25	26-29	30-39	40-49	>49	Total 53,552
Male	White	12,738	10,436	6,465	13,534	7,541	2,838	
	Black	10,996	11,862	7,778	17,165	10,009	3,079	60,889
	Hispanic	737	1,499	797	1,025	257	60	4,375
	Amer. Indian	433	416	252	422	209	77	1,809
	Other	450	634	392	602	215	82	2,375
	Subtotal	25,354	24,847	15,684	32,748	18,231	6,136	123,000
Female	White	2,791	2,540	1,855	4,412	1,918	535	14,051
	Black	2,836	3,114	2,331	4,833	2,140	423	15,677
	Hispanic	59	109	43	80	37	6	334
	Amer. Indian	110	118	88	154	98	12	580
	Other	85	93	65	102	65	16	426
	Subtotal	5,881	5,974	4,382	9,581	4,258	992	31,068
Т	OTAL	31,235	30,821	20,066	42,329	22,489	7,128	154,068

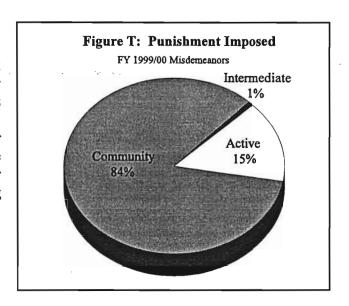
Note: Of the 170,027 misdemeanor convictions in FY 1999/00, 15,959 convictions with missing values for offenders' age were excluded from this table.

III. PUNISHMENT IMPOSED FOR MISDEMEANORS

This section summarizes information about the types of punishment imposed (Active, Intermediate, or Community) for misdemeanor convictions. It also shows the average sentence imposed and the average time to be served -- adjusting for credit for time served -- for misdemeanants who received an Active punishment. The reader should note that credit for time served may not be consistently reported in the AOC database. Therefore, the following tables may not show the full impact of the use of credit for time served.

A. Overall Punishment

As shown in *Figure T*, an Active punishment was imposed for 15% of misdemeanor convictions; an Intermediate punishment was imposed for 1% of misdemeanor convictions; and a Community punishment was imposed for 84% of misdemeanor convictions. Of the Active punishments imposed, 92% were for sentences of 90 days or less, with the remaining 8% for sentences greater than 90 days.



B. Punishment Imposed by Offense Class and Prior Conviction Level

Misdemeanor convictions and sentences imposed are presented within the context of the misdemeanor sentencing grid in *Table 18*. Most convictions -- regardless of offense class or prior conviction level -- resulted in the imposition of a Community punishment. Ten percent of misdemeanor convictions fell into Offense Class A1, 54% fell into Offense Class 1, 20% fell into Offense Class 2, and 16% fell into Offense Class 3. Forty-six percent of misdemeanor convictions fell into Prior Conviction Level I, 41% fell into Prior Conviction Level II, and the remainder fell into Prior Conviction Level III.

Convictions for Class A1 misdemeanors accounted for the largest percentage of Active sentences imposed relative to other offense classes (19%). The majority of convictions fell into Offense Class 1 with Prior Conviction Level II (n=38,299). In general, the likelihood of receiving an Active punishment increased as prior conviction level increased, with the exception of Class 3.

Table 18: Convictions and Sentences by Offense Class and Prior Conviction Level FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

		Prior Conviction Leve	il	
Offense Class	I 0 Pts	II 1-4 Pts	III 5+ Pts	Total
	С/І/А	С/І/А	СЛЛА	СЛ/А
A1	C = 4,883 (89%) I = 91 (2%) A = 509 (9%) (n=5,483)	C = 5,742 (80%) I = 227 (3%) A = 1,210 (17%) (n=7,179)	C = 1,755 (55%) I = 190 (6%) A = 1,238 (39%) (n=3,183)	C = 12,380 (78%) I = 508 (3%) A = 2,957 (19%) (n=15,845)
	32.5 days	49.4 days	103.9 days	69.3 days
	С	C/I/A	С/І/А	C/IA
1	C = 33,792 (91%) I = 90 (0%) A = 3,301 (9%) (n=37,183)	C = 32,235 (84%) I = 625 (2%) A = 5,439 (14%) (n=38,299)	C = 7,124 (57%) I = 653 (5%) A = 4,716 (38%) (n=12,493)	C = 73,151 (83%) I = 1,368 (2%) A = 13,456 (15%) (n=87,975)
	21.4 days	30.3 days	78.7 days	C = 12,380 (78%) I = 508 (3%) A = 2,957 (19%) (n=15,845) 69.3 days C/IA C = 73,151 (83%) I = 1,368 (2%) A = 13,456 (15%) (n=87,975) 45.1 days C/I/A
	С	C/I	C/I/A	СЛ/А
2	C = 16,537 (93%) I = 22 (0%) A = 1,252 (7%) (n=17,811)	C = 11,160 (88%) I = 139 (1%) A = 1,424 (11%) (n=12,723)	C = 1,958 (62%) I = 74 (2%) A = 1,148 (36%) (n=3,180)	A = 3,824 (11%)
	14.0 days	23.1 days	Pts 5+ Pts I/A C/I/A 1/2 (80%) C = 1,755 (55%) 7 (3%) I = 190 (6%) 0 (17%) A = 1,238 (39%) 0,179) (n=3,183) days 103.9 days I/A C/I/A 35 (84%) C = 7,124 (57%) 1 = 653 (5%) A = 4,716 (38%) 0 (9) (n=12,493) days 78.7 days I/I C/I/A C = 1,958 (62%) 1 = 74 (2%) A = 1,148 (36%) (n=3,180) days 36.0 days I/A C/I/A C = 1,509 (56%) I = 17 (1%) A = 1,164 (43%) (n=2,690) lays 14.3 days I/A C/I/A C = 12,346 (57%) I = 934 (4%) A = 8,266 (39%) (n=21,546)	24.0 days
	С	СЛ	С/І/А	С/І/А
3	C = 12,210 (86%) I = 5 (0%) A = 2,049 (14%) (n=14,264)	C = 7,941 (87%) I = 50 (0%) A = 1,164 (13%) (n=9,155)	I = 17 (1%) A = 1,164 (43%)	I = 72 (0%) A = 4,377 (17%)
	4.9 days	7.8 days	14.3 days	8.2 days
	C/I/A	С/І/А	С/І/А	C/I/A
TOTAL	C = 67,422 (90%) I = 208 (0%) A = 7,111 (10%) (n=74,741)	C = 57,078 (85%) I = 1,041 (1%) A = 9,237 (14%) (n=67,356)	I = 934 (4%) A = 8,266 (39%)	C = 136,846 (84%) I = 2,183 (1%) A = 24,614 (15%) (n=163,643)
	16.2 days	28.9 days	67.5 days	38.2 days

Note: Of the 170,027 misdemeanor convictions in FY 1999/00, 6,384 (4%) were excluded from this table. These convictions did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior conviction levels, or for other reasons. Active sentences in cells in which an Active punishment is not a sentencing option may be attributed to the use of credit for time served.

C. Average Length of Active Sentences

Information on the average sentence imposed, average credit for time served, and average time to be served for misdemeanor convictions resulting in an Active punishment is presented in *Table 19*. Time to be served is calculated by subtracting credit for time served from the Active sentence imposed. The length of Active sentences imposed and the actual time to be served were found to increase as offense class and prior conviction level increased. The longest average time to be served was for Class A1 misdemeanors (almost 62 days). Overall, the average time served for misdemeanor convictions was about 33 days. Twenty-nine percent of offenders with Active sentences received credit for time served.

Table 19: Average Length of Active Sentences by Offense Class and Prior Conviction Level FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

		Pr	ior Conviction Le	vel	
	Offense Class	I 0 Pts	II 1-4 Pts	III 5+ Pts	Overall
	Average Active Sentence (Days)	32.5	49.4	103.9	69.3
	Average Credit for Time Served (Days)	7.0	6.2	9.1	7.6
A1	Average Time to be Served (Days)	25.4	43.2	94.8	61.8
	No. of Active Sentences	509	1,210	1,238	2,957
	Average Active Sentence (Days)	21.4	30.3	78.7	45.1
	Average Credit for Time Served (Days)	7.3	3.5	6.2	5.4
1	Average Time to be Served (Days)	14.1	26.8	72.5	39.7
	No. of Active Sentences	3,301	5,439	4,716	13,456
	Average Active Sentence (Days)	14.0	23.1	36.0	24.0
_	· Average Credit for Time Served (Days)	7.1	3.5	3.3	4.6
2	Average Time to be Served (Days)	6.9	19.7	32.7	19.4
	No. of Active Sentences	1,252	1,424	1,148	3,824
	Average Active Sentence (Days)	4.9	7.8	14.3	8.2
	Average Credit for Time Served (Days)	3.7	1.6	1.7	2.6
3	Average Time to be Served (Days)	1.2	6.1	12.6	5.6
	No. of Active Sentences	2,049	1,164	1,164	4,377
	Average Active Sentence (Days)	16.2	28.9	67.5	38.2
TOTAL	Average Credit for Time Served (Days)	6.2	3.6	5.6	5.0
TOTAL	Average Time to be Served (Days)	9.9	25.3	61.8	33.1
	No. of Active Sentences	7,111	9,237	8,266	24,614

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons were excluded from this table. Since credit for time served may not be consistently reported in the AOC database, this table may not indicate the full impact of the use of credit for time served.

D. Punishment Imposed by Crime Type

As shown in *Figure U*, public order offenses (47%) accounted for the majority of misdemeanor convictions, while misdemeanor person offenses accounted for the lowest proportion (13%).

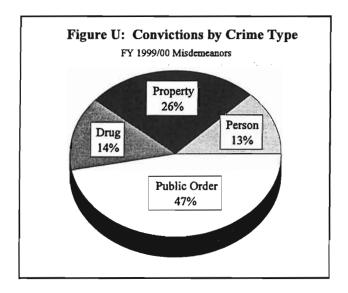


Table 20 contains information about the type of punishment imposed by crime type for misdemeanor convictions, as well as the average minimum sentence imposed and average time to be served for offenders who received an Active punishment. Of the convictions for the four crime types, those for drug offenses were least likely to result in an Active punishment (12%). Close to 16% of convictions for person, property, and public order offenses resulted in an Active punishment. The average minimum sentence imposed and average time to be served were longest for convictions for person offenses.

Table 20: Punishment by Crime Type FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

		Type of Punishment						Credit	Timeste	
Crime Type	Active		Interme	diate	Commu	inity	Minimum Active Sentence	for Time Served	Time to be Served	Total
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	(days)	(days)	(days)	
Person	3,362	16	554	2	17,547	82	61.1	6.8	54.3	21,463
Property	6,747	16	596	1	34,983	83	42.2	6.2	36.0	42,326
Drug	2,822	12	254	1	20,218	87	33.3	6.1	27.2	23,294
Public Order	11,683	15	779	· 1	64,098	84	30.4	3.6	26.8	76,560
TOTAL	24,614	15	2,183	1	136,846	84	38.2	5.0	33.1	163,643

Note: Of the 170,027 misdemeanor convictions in FY 1999/00, 6,384 (4%) were excluded from this table. These convictions did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior conviction levels, or for other reasons. Since credit for time served may not be consistently reported in the AOC database, this table may not indicate the full impact of the use of credit for time served.

IV. INTERMEDIATE PUNISHMENTS

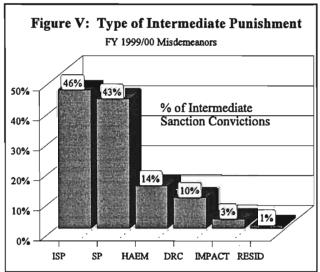
This section provides a summary of the types of intermediate sanctions imposed. *It only includes convictions for which an Intermediate punishment was imposed.* The types of intermediate sanctions include Special Probation (SP), House Arrest with Electronic Monitoring (HAEM), Intensive Supervision Probation (ISP), Day Reporting Center (DRC), Intensive Motivational Program of Alternative Correctional Treatment (IMPACT), and Residential Treatment Facility (RESID).⁷ See *Appendix E* for a brief description of each sanction.

During Fiscal Year 1999/00, there were 2,183 convictions for which an Intermediate punishment was imposed. However, one or more specific intermediate sanction was reported for only 1,816 of these convictions (a reporting rate of 83%).⁸ As a result, these figures may not fully reflect offender participation in these programs.

It is possible that a single conviction could result in the imposition of more than one intermediate sanction. Consequently, the following tables and figures reflect the total number of intermediate sanctions imposed, not the total number of convictions for which an intermediate sanction was imposed.

A. Intermediate Punishments Imposed

Figure V shows the percentage of convictions for which each intermediate sanction was imposed. Where a specific intermediate sanction was reported in the database, data indicate that Intensive Supervision accounted for the highest percentage of convictions (46%). Assignment to a Residential Treatment Facility accounted for the smallest percentage of convictions for which a specific intermediate sanction was reported (less than 1%).



Note: The percentages in this figure do not add to 100%.

⁷ Beginning January 1, 2000, the Community Penalties Program became known as the Sentencing Services Program and the General Assembly amended Sentencing Services so that the plans themselves are no longer considered an intermediate punishment. Therefore, information on Community Penalties Plans is no longer provided in this report.

⁸ It is not clear why the specific types of intermediate sanctions are not always reported. In some cases, a sanction may not have been specified in court. In other instances the information may not have been entered into the appropriate data field in the AOC's Criminal Information System. The Sentencing Commission and the AOC are continuing to work together to improve the data collected for intermediate sanctions in an effort to increase the reporting rate.

B. Intermediate Punishments by Offense Class and Prior Conviction Level

Table 21 contains the frequency of intermediate sanctions by offense class and prior conviction level, with the greatest number of intermediate sanctions imposed for Class 1 with Prior Conviction Level III (n=668). Overall, intermediate sanctions were most frequently imposed for Class 1 convictions (n=1,313).

Table 21: Type of Intermediate Punishment by Offense Class and Prior Conviction Level FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

	Prior		Ty	pe of Interm	ediate Pun	ishment		
Offense Class	Convictio n Level	Special Probation	IMPACT	Residential Facility	Day Reporting Center	Intensive Supervision Probation	House Arrest w/ Elect, Mon.	Total
	I	35	7	0	6	29	9	. 86
	II	110	5	. 3	15	71	20	224
A1	m	87	0.	1	21	82	15	206
	Subtotal	232	12	4	42	182	44	516
	1	18	10	0	11	34	2	75
	п	195	14	3	58	247	. 53	. 570
1	Ш	235	2	2	30	277	122	668
	Subtotal	448	26	5	99	558	177	1,313
	I	4	1	0	3,	. 4	3	15
	n	53	5	1	12	37	22	130
2	m	26	. 2	2	6	33	4	73
	Subtotal	83	8	3	21	74	29	218
	I	1	1	0	1	1	1	5
	11	11	0	0	8	17	6	42
3	m	2	0	0	2	11	3	18
	Subtotal	14	1	0	11	29	10	65
TOTAL		777	47	12	173	843	260	2,112

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons were excluded from this table.

C. Intermediate Punishments by Crime Type

Table 22 shows the frequency of specific intermediate sanctions by crime type. Of those convictions for which an intermediate sanction was reported, the majority were for public order offenses (n=721).

Table 22: Type of Intermediate Punishment by Crime Type FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

	Type of Intermediate Punishment						1000
Crime Type	Special Probation	IMPACT	Residential Facility	Day Reporting Center	Intensive Supervision Probation	House Arrest w/ Elect. Mon.	Total
Person	248	14	6	46	188	53	555
Property	158	20	0	56	277	71	582
Drug	51	2	2	36	140	23	254
Public Order	320	11	4	35	238	113	721
TOTAL	777	47	12	173	843	260	2,112

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons were excluded from this table.

D. Special Probation

Table 23 contains the number and average length of Special Probation sentences by offense class. Where a specific intermediate sanction was reported in the database, Special Probation was imposed for 777 convictions. All but five of these convictions resulted in a sentence to jail to serve the time for the split sentence. The largest category of Special Probation cases was Class 1 misdemeanors (n=448). Class 1 misdemeanors also received the longest average Special Probation sentences (15 days).

Table 23: Special Probation by Offense Class FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

Offense Class	Number	Mean Special Probation Length (Days) ⁹
Class A1	232	14.3
Class 1	448	15.4
Class 2	83	7.7
Class 3	14	7.8
TOTAL	777	14.1

⁹ The mean special probation length does not include any adjustment for credit for time served.

As shown in *Table 24*, the majority of Special Probation convictions were for public order offenses (n=320) and the least number were for drug offenses (n=51). Relative to the other crime types, property convictions resulted in the longest Special Probation length (20.4 days).

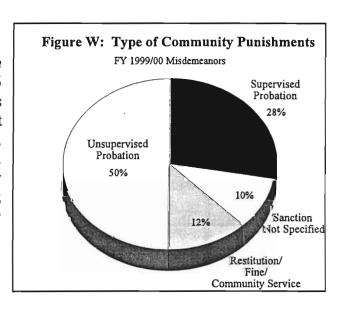
Table 24: Special Probation by Crime Type FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

Offense Class	Number	Mean Special Probation Length (Days) ¹⁰
Person	248	13.4
Property	158	20.4
Drug	51	14.4
Public Order	320	11.6
TOTAL	777	14.1

V. COMMUNITY PUNISHMENTS

A. Community Punishments by Offense Class

This section includes only those convictions for which a Community punishment was imposed. Of the 136,846 convictions for which a Community punishment was imposed, the specific type of Community punishment imposed was reported for 123,163 convictions. Overall, 50% received Unsupervised Probation; 28% received Supervised Probation; 12% received only Restitution/Fine/Community Service without probation; and 10% had no specific sanction given (see Figure W).¹¹



The mean special probation length does not include any adjustment for credit for time served.

It is not clear why a specific Community Punishment was not reported for 10% of the convictions in which a Community punishment was imposed. In some cases, the court may not have specified a sanction. In other instances, the court may have imposed a sanction for which there is no specific data field in the Administrative Office of the Courts' Criminal Information System (e.g., outpatient drug/alcohol treatment or referral to TASC).

Table 25 shows the type of Community punishment imposed -- either Supervised Probation, Unsupervised Probation, Restitution/Fine/Community Service, or Sanction Not Specified -- by offense class, as well as information regarding the average length of probation sentences. Convictions for Class 1 offenses comprised the majority of convictions (n=73,151) resulting in a Community punishment. Convictions for Class A1 offenses resulted in the longest average probation sentences (20 months).

Table 25: Type of Community Punishment by Offense Class FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

Offense Class	(N				
	Supervised	Unsupervised	Restitution/Fine/ Community Service Only	Sanction Not Specified	Total
Class A1	6,078	5,061	415	826	12,380
	20 months	19 months	<i>N/A</i>	N/A	20 months
Class 1	23,829	33,906	8,399	7,017	73,151
	19 months	16 months	<i>N/A</i>	N/A	17 months
Class 2	5,469	17,290	4,157	2,739	29,655
	17 months	15 months	<i>N/A</i>	N/A	15 months
Class 3	2,118	12,453	3,988	3,101	21,660
	15 months	15 months	N/A	N/A	15 months
TOTAL	37,494	68,710	16,959	13,683	136,843
	18 months	16 months	<i>N/A</i>	<i>N/A</i>	17 months

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons were excluded from this table.

B. Community Punishments by Crime Type

The type of Community punishment imposed by crime type and the average length of probation sentences are provided in *Table 26*. Property offenses were the largest offense category for which Supervised Probation was imposed (n=13,388). The largest number sentenced to Unsupervised Probation were convicted of public order offenses (n=33,325).

Table 26: Type of Community Punishment by Crime Type FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

Crime Type	(N				
	Supervised	Unsupervised	Restitution/Fine/ Community Service Only	Sanction Not Specified	Total
Person	6,989	8,452	901	1,205	17,547
	19 months	18 months	<i>N/A</i>	N/A	18 months
Property	13,388	16,147	3,104	2,344	34,983
	19 months	15 months	<i>N/A</i>	N/A	17 months
Drug	4,783	10,786	2,963	1,686	20,218
	17 months	15 months	<i>N/A</i>	N/A	16 months
Public	12,334	33,325	9,991	8,448	64,098
Order	18 months	16 months	<i>N/A</i>	N/A	16 months
TOTAL	37,494	68,710	16,959	13,683	136,846
	18 months	16 months	<i>N/A</i>	N/A	17 months

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the sentencing grid due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons were excluded from this table.

VI. SPECIAL ISSUES

This section reviews other areas of interest, including Community Service and Restitution.

A. Community Service

During Fiscal Year 1999/00, almost 9% of all misdemeanor convictions were sentenced to perform Community Service, with an average of almost 36 hours ordered. *Table 27* shows the average hours ordered and the number of convictions for which Community Service was ordered by offense class. Also provided is the percentage of convictions for which Community Service was part of the sentence relative to the total number of convictions within each offense class. It should be noted that Community Service can be used as a sole condition of probation or in conjunction with other types of punishment.

Class 1 offenses accounted for the largest number of Community Service sentences (n=8,569). Of the four offense classes, convictions for Class 1 offenses were most likely to result in a Community Service sentence (9.7%), while convictions for Class A1 offenses had the highest average hours of Community Service ordered (42.3 hours).

Table 27: Community Service by Offense Class FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

Offense Class	Mean Number of Hours Ordered	Number of Convictions	% of Convictions
Class A1	42.3	1,138	7.2
Class 1	37.0	8,569	9.7
Class 2	33.5	2,591	7.7
Class 3	28.4	2,212	8.5
TOTAL	35.5	14,510	8.9

Table 28 contains information on the average hours ordered and the number of convictions for which Community Service was ordered as part of the sentence by crime type. Also shown is the percentage of convictions for which Community Service was part of the sentence relative to the total number of convictions for each crime type. Convictions for property offenses accounted for the largest number of Community Service sentences (n=6,236). Of the four crime types, property convictions were the most likely to result in a Community Service sentence (15%), while person convictions had the highest number of Community Service hours ordered (an average of almost 39 hours).

Table 28: Community Service by Crime Type FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

Crime Type	Mean Number of Hours Ordered	Number of Convictions	% of Convictions
Person	38.9	1,900	8.9
Property	36.0	6,236	14.7
Drug	31.6	1,648	7.1
Public Order	34.8	4,726	6.2
TOTAL	35.5	14,510	8.9

B. Restitution

This section presents information about the amount of Restitution ordered for all misdemeanor convictions; it does not reflect the amount paid. Restitution can be ordered as a sole sanction or in conjunction with other sanctions.

The following tables provide four pieces of information: the total number and percentage of convictions for which payment of Restitution was ordered, the mean (average) dollar amount ordered, and the median dollar amount ordered (i.e., the amount which has the same number of Restitution orders above it as below it). Note that the mean is often much higher than the median due to one or more orders which are higher than the "normal" amount of Restitution ordered.

As shown in *Figure X*, payment of Restitution was ordered for 16% of all misdemeanor convictions during Fiscal Year 1999/00.

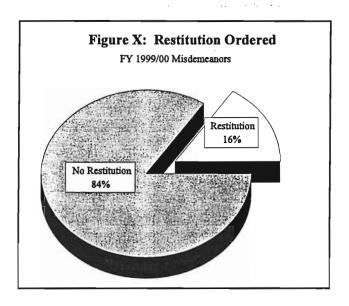


Table 29 provides information on the mean and median dollar amounts of Restitution ordered and the total number of convictions for which payment of Restitution was ordered by offense class. The table also includes the percentage of convictions for which payment of Restitution was ordered relative to the total number of convictions in each offense class. The average (mean) amount of Restitution ordered was \$587, while the median amount was \$169. The highest amount of Restitution, on average, was ordered for Class 1 convictions (a mean of \$871 and a median of \$250). Convictions for Class 1 misdemeanors also comprised the largest group with a Restitution sentence (n=11,574), followed closely by Class 2 Misdemeanors (n=11,503). Thirty-four percent of all convictions for Class 2 offenses were ordered to pay Restitution -- the largest percentage of any offense class.

Table 29: Restitution Ordered by Offense Class FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

Offense Class	Mean Restitution Ordered (\$)	Median Restitution Ordered (\$)	Number of Convictions	% of Convictions
Class A1	771	257	2,045	12.9
Class 1	871	250	11,574	13.2
Class 2	295	112	11,503	34.1
Class 3	236	100	831	3.2
TOTAL	587	169	25,953	15.9

Table 30 shows the mean and median dollar amounts of Restitution ordered and the total number of convictions for which payment of Restitution was ordered by crime type. The table also includes the percentage of convictions for which Restitution was ordered relative to the total number of convictions for each crime type. The highest mean Restitution amount was ordered for public order convictions (\$729). The highest median Restitution amount was ordered for convictions for person offenses (\$250). Property offense convictions accounted for the majority of convictions for which payment of Restitution was ordered (n=20,009). Forty-seven percent of all convictions for a property offense were ordered to pay Restitution -- the largest percentage of any crime type.

Table 30: Restitution Ordered by Crime Type FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

Crime Type	Mean Restitution Ordered (\$)	Median Restitution Ordered (\$)	Number of Convictions	% of Convictions
Person	696	250	2,777	12.9
Property	575	165	20,009	47.3
Drugs	165	100	866	3.7
Public Order	729	150	2,301	3.0
TOTAL	587	169	25,953	15.9

Table 31 provides information on the mean and median amounts of Restitution ordered and the total number of convictions for which Restitution was ordered by type of punishment. The table also includes the percentage of convictions for which payment of Restitution was ordered relative to the total number of convictions by type of punishment imposed. The highest mean Restitution was ordered for convictions for which an Intermediate punishment was imposed (\$814). Almost twenty-six percent of all convictions resulting in the imposition of an Intermediate punishment were ordered to pay Restitution—the largest percentage of any punishment type. The vast majority of convictions sentenced to pay Restitution received a Community punishment (n=25,202).

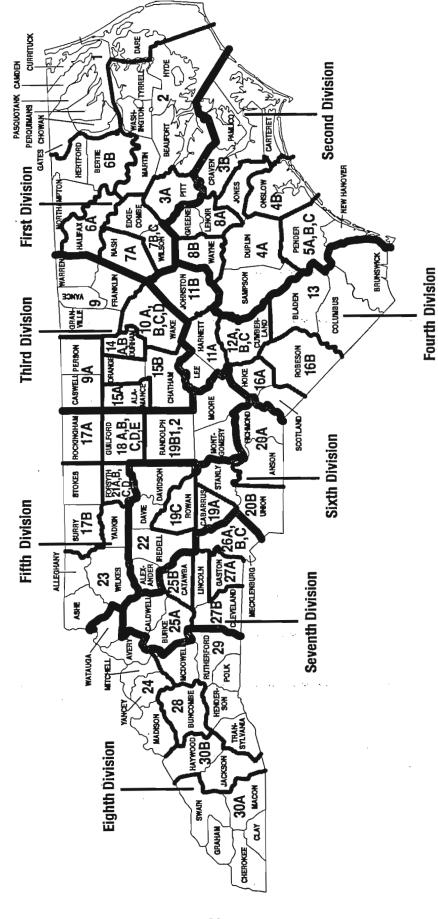
Table 31: Restitution Ordered by Punishment Imposed FY 1999/00 Misdemeanors

Type of Punishment	Mean Restitution Ordered (\$)	Median Restitution Ordered (\$)	Number of Convictions	% of Convictions
Active	349	177	190	0.8
Intermediate	814	270	561	25.7
Community	584	165	25,202	18.4
TOTAL	587	169	25,953	15.9

APPENDIX A MAP OF JUDICIAL DIVISIONS AND DISTRICTS

North Carolina Superior Court

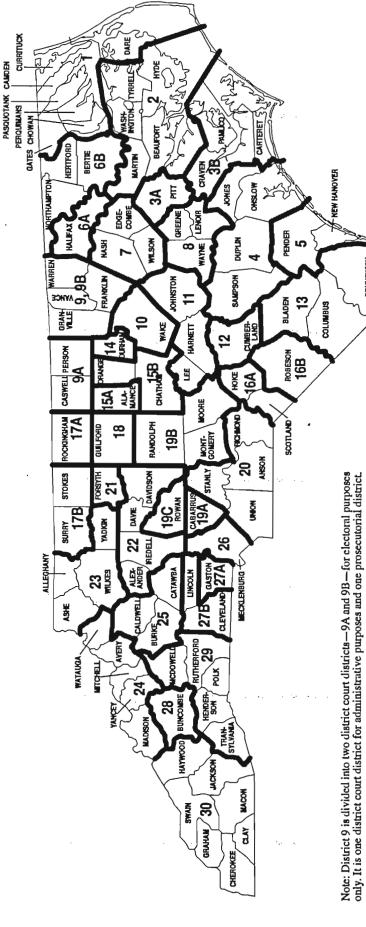
Districts and Divisions as of June 30, 2000



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North Carolina District Court Districts

as of June 30, 2000



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APPENDIX B SAMPLE OFFENSES

SAMPLE OFFENSES AS OF 12/1/00

CLASS A FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of Death or Life Without Parole
Murder, First Degree (14-17)	
CLASS BI FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of Life Without Parole
Rape, First Degree (14-27.2)	Sexual Offense, First Degree (14-27.4)
CLASS B2 FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 479 Months
Murder, Second Degree (14-17)	
CLASS C FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 261 Months
Habitual Felon (14-7.6)	Assault W/D/W/I/K/I/S/I (14-32(a))
Rape, Second Degree (14-27.3)	Kidnapping, First Degree (14-39)
Sexual Offense, Second Degree (14-27.5)	Embezzlement (amount involved \$100,000 or more) (14-90)
CLASS D FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 229 Months
Voluntary Manslaughter (14-18)	Arson, First Degree (14-58)
Malicious Use of Explosive or Incendiary (14-49(a))	Armed Robbery (14-87)
Burglary, First Degree (14-51)	Sell or Deliver a Controlled Substance to a Person Under 16 But More Than 13 Years of Age (90-95(e)(5))
CLASS E FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 98 Months
Intercourse and Sexual Offenses with Certain Victims (Substitute Parent/Custodian) (14-27.7)	Assault with a Firearm on a Law Enforcement Officer (14-34.5)
Assault W/D/W/I/S/I (14-32(b))	Kidnapping, Second Degree (14-39)
Assault W/D/W/I/K (14-32(c))	Child Abuse I/S/I (14-318.4)
Discharging Weapon Into Occupied Property (14-34.1)	Sell or Deliver a Controlled Substance Within 300 Feet of a School (90-95(e)(8))
CLASS F FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 59 Months
Involuntary Manslaughter (14-18)	Burning of Certain Other Buildings (14-62)
Assault Inflicting Serious Bodily Injury (14-32.4)	Incest Between Certain Near Relatives (14-178)
Assault W/D/W on a Governmental Officer or Employee (14-34.2)	Indecent Liberties with Children (14-202.1)
Assault on a Law Enforcement Officer (14-34.7)	Possess Weapon of Mass Destruction (14-288.8)
Felonious Restraint (14-43.3)	Habitual Impaired Driving (20-138.5)
CLASS G FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 44 Months
Burglary, Second Degree (14-51)	Possession of Firearms, etc., by Felon (14-415.1)
Arson, Second Degree (14-58)	Death by Vehicle (20-141.4)
Common Law Robbery (14-87.1)	Sale of a Schedule I or II Controlled Substance (90-95(a)(1))
CLASS H FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 30 Months
Habitual Misdemeanor Assault (14-33.2)	Obtaining Property by False Pretenses (amount involved less than \$100,000) (14-100)
Breaking or Entering Buildings (14-54(a))	Intimidating/Interfering with Witnesses (14-226)
Fraudulently Setting Fire to Dwelling House (14-65)	Hit and Run Involving Personal Injury/Death (20-166(a))

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APPENDIX C

ADDITIONAL FELONY DATA BY JUDICIAL DIVISION AND DISTRICT

Appendix C, Table 1: Convictions and Sentences by Judicial Division and District FY 1999/00 Felonies

	PE AND AVERAGE ACTIVE SENTENCES		TY	PE OF P	UNISHM	ENT		MINIMUM ACTIVE SENTENCE	MAXIMUM ACTIVE SENTENCE	
		ACT	IVE	INTERM	EDIATE	COMMU	NITY	(MONTHS)	(MONTHS)	TOTAL
		NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	Mean	Mean	NUMBE
JUDICIAL DIVISION	JUDICIAL DISTRICT			4.			** *			
FIRST	1	111	32.7	127	37.5	101	29.8	31.7	40.8	33
	2	120	31.4	178	46.6	84	22.0	45.1	57.1	382
	3A	168	27.1	258	41.6	194	31.3	28.3	36.4	620
	6A	42	36.8	50	43.9	22	19.3	45.3	56.9	114
	6B	131	41.3	135	42.6	51	16.1	29.2	37.3	317
	7A	121	43.2	118	42.1	41	14.6	21.6	27.7	280
	7B,C	188	40.7	135	29.2	139	30.1	23.5	30.3	462
	SUB-TOTAL	881	35.0	1001	39.8	632	25.1	30.0	38.3	2514
SECOND	JUDICIAL DISTRICT									
	3B	167	31.5	208	39.2	155	29.2	27.9	36.0	530
	4A	106	29.9	137	38.7	111	31.4	35.8	46.8	354
	4B	73	20.4	165	46.1	120	33.5	36.2	45.9	358
	5	256	33.6	339	44.5	167	21.9	28.4	36.4	762
	8A	137	36.0	150	39.4	94	24.7	20.1	26.2	381
	8B	132	30.3	184	42.3	119	27.4	28.8	37.1	435
	SUB-TOTAL	871	30.9	1183	42.0	766	27.2	28.6	36.9	2820
THIRD	JUDICIAL DISTRICT									
	9	210	29.9	372	53.0	120	17.1	21.1	26.6	702
	9A	66	22.6	158	54.1	68	23.3	30.2	38.4	292
	10	579	45.9	350	27.8	332	26.3	35.0	44.8	1261
	14	195	34.3	312	54.9	61	10.7	55.7	72.0	568
	15A	213	30.9	327	47.4	150	21.7	24.9	32.0	690
	15B	129	35.1	182	49.5	57	15.5	31.1	39.9	368

Appendix C, Table 1: Convictions and Sentences by Judicial Division and District (continued) FY 1999/00 Felonies

SENTENCE TYPE LENGTH OF ACT	AND AVERAGE IVE SENTENCES		TYI	PE OF PU	JNISHME	ENT		MINIMUM ACTIVE SENTENCE	MAXIMUM ACTIVE SENTENCE	
		ACT	(VE	INTERME	DIATE	COMMUN	ITY	(MONTHS)	(MONTHS)	TOTAL
		NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	Mean	Mean	NUMBER
JUDICIAL DIVISION										
THIRD (CONT)	SUB-TOTAL	1392	35.9	1701	43.8	788	20.3	33.7	43.2	3881
FOURTH	JUDICIAL DISTRICT									
	11A	148	26.2	320	56.6	97	17.2	38.3	48.7	565
	11B	115	39.5	122	41.9	54	18.6	23.1	29.6	291
	12	271	28.6	493	52.0	184	19.4	35.2	45.9	948
	13	129	38.4	147	43.8	60	17.9	32.9	42.1	336
	16A	105	32.2	148	45.4	73	22.4	35.3	45.1	326
	16B	98	29.5	156	47.0	78	23.5	33.5	43.4	332
	SUB-TOTAL	866	31.0	1386	49.5	546	19.5	33.6	43.3	2798
FIFTH	JUDICIAL DISTRICT									
	17A	77	20.6	206	55.1	91	24.3	52.7	66.9	374
	17B	113	38.8	105	36.1	73	25.1	25.9	33.2	291
	18	585	32.4	797	44.2	422	23.4	35.8	46.4	1804
	19B	145	27.9	245	47.2	129	24.9	29.1	37.4	519
	21	376	29.8	621	49.2	266	21.1	41.8	54.0	1263
	23	94	31.8	106	35.8	96	32.4	28.7	36.6	296
	SUB-TOTAL	1390	30.6	2080	45.7	1077	23.7	36.4	46.9	4547
SIXTH	JUDICIAL DISTRICT									
	19A	134	28.0	242	50.5	103	21.5	34.4	44.4	479
	19C	161	31.3	234	45.4	120	23.3	37.5	48.6	515
	20A	123	43.5	102	36.0	58	20.5	31.5	40.4	283
	20B	151	34.8	170	39.2	113	26.0	42.0	53.7	434
	22	281	33.3	425	50.4	137	16.3	46.3	58.8	843

Appendix C, Table 1: Convictions and Sentences by Judicial Division and District (continued) FY 1999/00 Felonies

)	E AND AVERAGE		TY	PE OF P	UNISHM	ENT		MINIMUM ACTIVE SENTENCE	MAXIMUM ACTIVE SENTENCE	
		ACT	IVE	INTERM	EDIATE	COMMUNITY		(MONTHS)	(MONTHS)	TOTAL
		NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	Mean	Mean	NUMBER
JUDICIAL DIVISION										
SIXTH (CONT)	SUB-TOTAL	850	33.3	1173	45.9	531	20.8	39.8	51.0	2554
SEVENTH	JUDICIAL DISTRICT									
	25A	101	36.7	109	39.6	65	23.6	35.4	45.0	275
	258	79	23.7	149	44.6	106	31.7	28.9	37.2	334
	26	594	31.4	763	40.4	532	28.2	32.3	41.6	1889
	27A	163	29.9	237	43.4	146	26.7	46.4	59.2	546
	27B	108	28.7	185	49.2	83	22.1	32.9	42.7	376
	SUB-TOTAL	1045	30.6	1443	42.2	932	27.3	34.6	44.5	3420
EIGHTH	JUDICIAL DISTRICT									
	24	41	30.6	54	40.3	39	29.1	45.3	57.4	134
	28	306	44.9	269	39.4	107	15.7	27.1	34.9	682
	29	155	28.2	200	36.4	195	35.5	30.3	38.8	550
	30A	38	25.2	-61	40.4	- 52	34.4	44.6	56.2	151
	30B	39	41.1	33	34.7	23	24.2	31.7	40.6	95
	SUB-TOTAL	579	35.9	617	38.3	416	25.8	30.7	39.3	1612
TOTAL		7874	32.6	10584	43.8	5688	23.6	33.7	43.3	24146

Appendix C, Table 2: Sentence Location by Judicial Division and District (Active Sentences Only) FY 1999/00 Felonies

	PERCENT OF ACTIVE			RANG	GES -			
CASES FALLI SPECIFIED RANGE	SENTENCE	MITIGA RANG		PRESUME		AGGRAN		TOTAL
		NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER
JUDICIAL DIVISION	JUDICIAL DISTRICT							
FIRST	1	8	7.3	92	83.6	10	9.1	110
	2	8	6.7	96	80.7	15	12.6	119
	3A	27	16.2	128	76.6	12	7.2	167
	6A	2	5.0	28	70.0	10	25.0	40
	6B	17	13.2	95	73.6	17	13.2	129
	7A	7	5.8	109	90.1	5	4.1	121
	7B,C	14	7.6	158	85.4	13	7.0	185
	SUB-TOTAL	83	9.5	706	81.1	82	9.4	871
SECOND	JUDICIAL DISTRICT							
	3B	25	15.2	132	80.0	8	4.8	165
	4A	34	32.4	64	61.0	7	6.7	105
	4B	8	11.0	63	86.3	2	2.7	73
	5	70	27.6	172	67.7	12	4.7	254
	8A	19	13.9	106	77.4	12	8.8	137
	8B	48	36.4	73	55.3	11	8.3	132
	SUB-TOTAL	204	23.6	610	70.4	52	6.0	866
THIRD	JUDICIAL DISTRICT							
	9	39	18.7	158	75.6	12	5.7	209
	9A	10	15.2	47	71.2	9	13.6	66
	10	49	8.6	441	77.0	83	14.5	573
	14	. 51	26.2	126	64.6	. 18	9.2	195
	15A	30	14.2	174	82.5	7	3.3	211
	15B	25	19.4	94	72.9	10	7.8	129
	SUB-TOTAL	204	14.8	1040	75.2	139	10.1	1383

Appendix C, Table 2: Sentence Location by Judicial Division and District (continued) (Active Sentences Only) FY 1999/00 Felonies

	ERCENT OF ACTIVE			RAN	GES			
SPECIFIED RANGE	SENTENCE	MITIG		PRESUMI		AGGRA'		TOTAL
		NUMBER	26	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	96	NUMBER
JUDICIAL DIVISION	JUDICIAL DISTRICT							
FOURTH	11A	13	9.0	125	86.8	6	4.2	144
	11B	32	28.1	75	65.8	7	6.1	114
	12	51	19.2	193	72.6	22	8.3	266
	13	12	9.4	97	76.4	18	14.2	127
	16A	7	6.7	92	87.6	6	5.7	105
	16B	11	11.7	79	84.0	4	4.3	94
	SUB-TOTAL	126	14.8	661	77.8	63	7.4	850
FIFTH	JUDICIAL DISTRICT							
	17A	7	9.1	56	72.7	14	18.2	77
	17B	23	20.4	81	71.7	9	8.0	113
	18	113	19.5	403	69.5	64	11.0	580
	19B	32	22.4	94	65.7	17	11.9	143
	21	153	41.4	191	51.6	26	7.0	370
	23	3	3.3	84	92.3	4	4.4	91
	SUB-TOTAL	331	24.1	909	66.2	134	9.8	1374
SIXTH	JUDICIAL DISTRICT							
	19A	10	7.5	118	88.1	6	4.5	134
	19C	35	21.9	117	73.1	8	5.0	160
	20A	9	7.3	109	88.6	5	4.1	123
	20B	12	8.0	125	83.3	13	8.7	150
	22	33	11.9	218	78.7	26	9.4	277
	SUB-TOTAL	99	11.7	687	81.4	58	6.9	844

Appendix C, Table 2: Sentence Location by Judicial Division and District (continued) (Active Sentences Only) FY 1999/00 Felonies

NUMBER AND I	PERCENT OF ACTIVE			RANG	BES			
SPECIFIED RANGE	SENTENCE	MITIGA		PRESUMF		AGGRAN		TOTAL
		NUMBER	ૠ	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	96	NUMBER
JUDICIAL DIVISION	JUDICIAL DISTRICT							
SEVENTH	25A	7	7.1	87	87.9	5	5.1	99
	25B	2	2.5	67	84.8	10	12.7	79
	26	142	24.0	425	71.9	24	4.1	591
	27A	22	13.6	124	76.5	16	9.9	162
	27B	8	7.5	90	84.1	9	8.4	107
	SUB-TOTAL	181	17.4	793	76.4	64	6.2	1038
EIGHTH	JUDICIAL DISTRICT							
	24	8	19.5	. 25	61.0	8	19.5	41
	28	68	22.3	225	73.8	12	3.9	305
	29	24	15.5	128	82.6	3	1.9	155
	30A	3	8.1	30	81.1	4	10.8	37
	30В	2	5.3	36	94.7			38
	SUB-TOTAL	105	18.2	444	77.1	27	4.7	576
TOTAL		1333	17.1	5850	75.0	619	7.9	7802

APPENDIX D

ADDITIONAL FELONY DATA BY CRIME TYPE AND OFFENSE

Appendix D, Table 1: Type of Punishment by Crime Type and Offense FY 1999/00 Felonies

	ENCE, CRIME TYPE SENTENCE LENGTH		TY	PE OF PE	JNISHM	ENT		MINIMUM ACTIVE SENTENCE	MAXIMUM ACTIVE SENTENCE	
		ACT	IVE	INTERME	EDIATE	COMMU	NITY	(MONTHS)	(MONTHS)	TOTAL
		NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	86	Mean	Mean	NUMBER
CRIME TYPE	OFFENSE					l				
PERSON	1ST DEG MURDER	71	100.0							7
	2ND DEG MURDER	215	100.0					182.6	228.3	215
	ATTEMPTED MURDER	1	100.0					73.0	97.0	1
	VOLUNTARY MANSLAUGHTER	76	93.8	4	4.9	1	1.2	65.6	B7.9	81
	INVOLUNTARY MANSLAUGHTER	51	58.6	36	41.4	•		19.7	24.3	87
	ARMED ROBBERY	508	100.0					72.1	96.0	508
COMMON LAW ROBBERY AWDWIKISI AWDW INTENT TO	441	50.0	430	48.8	11	1.2	17.0	21.3	882	
	AWDWIKISI	73	100.0		•		•	101.0	130.1	73
	AWDW INTENT TO	20	57.1	15	42.9			31.2	46.4	35
	AWDW SERIOUS INJURY	210	46.0	247	54.0			31.1	46.5	457
	ASSAULT OFFCL,GOVT OFFCL,EMRG PERSNL,OTHER	55	52.4	50	47.6			23.9	30.5	105
	OTHER FELONY ASSAULTS	79	35.9	139	63.2	2	0.9	19.6	24.4	220
	1ST DEG RAPE,SEX OFFENSE	92	100.0					262.0	323.5	92
	ATT 1ST DEG RAPE,S.O.	23	100.0	•	.•	. •.	, •.	154.5	194.8	23
2 R A	2ND DEG RAPE,S.O.	122	100.0					92.5	120.3	122
	ATT 2ND DEG RAPE,S.O.	34	100.0					61.6	83.5	34
	INDECENT LIBERTIES W/ CHILD	282	37.3	475	62.7			18.8	23.1	757

Appendix D, Table 1: Type of Punishment by Crime Type and Offense (continued) FY 1999/00 Felonies

TYPE OF SENTER AND ACTIVE SER	NCE, CRIME TYPE NTENCE LENGTH		TYI	PE OF PL	INISHM	ENT		MINIMUM ACTIVE SENTENCE	MAXIMUM ACTIVE SENTENCE	
		ACT	[VE	INTERME	DIATE	COMMUN	ITY	(MONTHS)	(MONTHS)	TOTAL
		NUMBER	ૠ	NUMBER	%	NUMBER:	·%	Mean	Mean	NUMBER
CRIME TYPE	OFFENSE									
PERSON (CONT)	CHILD ABUSE	19	35.8	34	64.2			28.7	43.8	53
	OTHER SEX CRIMES	113	46.9	86	35.7	42	17.4	91.9	116.1	241
	KIDNAP, ABDUCT-	95	66.4	48	33.6			62.5	83.9	143
	ATTEMPTED KIDNAPPING	1	100.0					80.0	105.0	1
	ALL OTHER PERSON	47	31.5	98	65.8	4	2.7	22.9	31.6	149
	SUB-TOTAL	2628	60.4	1662	38.2	60	1.4	66.9	86.3	4350
PROPERTY	OFFENSE									
	1ST DEG BURGLARY	63	100.0					77.5	102.6	63
	2ND DEG BURGLARY	63	39.6	96	60.4			16.4	20.1	159
	BREAKING/ENTE- RING	948	32.4	1382	47.2	595	20.3	9.3	11.6	2925
	LARCENY	458	30.6	751	50.2	286	19.1	9.5	11.7	1495
	AUTOMOBILE THEFT	51	28.5	96	53.6	32	17.9	8.5	10.5	179
	1ST DEG ARSON	5	100.0			•		77.6	102.6	5
	2ND DEG ARSON	19	44.2	24	55.8			14.8	18.2	43
	OTHER ARSON/BURNING	29	33.0	35	39.8	24	27.3	19.1	24.8	88
	FORGERY	97	10.6	361	39.5	456	49.9	7.7	9.7	914
	FRAUD	15	4.4	113	33.3	211	62.2	9.1	11.2	339
	EMBEZZLEMENT	32	8.8	148	40.5	185	50.7	7.9	9.9	365
	ALL OTHER PROPERTY	613	30.1	987	48.5	437	21.5	9.6	12.1	2037
	SUB-TOTAL	2393	27.8	3993	46.4	2226	25.8	11.6	14.6	8612

Appendix D, Table 1: Type of Punishment by Crime Type and Offense (continued) FY 1999/00 Felonies

1	NCE, CRIME TYPE		TY	PE OF P	JNISHM	ENT		MINIMUM ACTIVE SENTENCE	MAXIMUM ACTIVE SENTENCE	
		ACT	IVE	INTERM	EDIATE	COMMU	NITY	(MONTHS)	(MONTHS)	TOTAL
		NUMBER	%	NUMBER	26	NUMBER	%	Mean	Mean	NUMBER
CRIME TYPE	OFFENSE									
DRUGS (Non- trafficking)	SELL/DELIVER DRUGS	430	32.5	802	60.5	93	7.0	13.6	16.8	1325
	POSSESSION WITH INTENT	727	25.1	1388	47.9	780	26.9	8.7	10.8	2895
	DRUG POSSESSION	280	8.1	1309	38.1	1849	53.8	7.3	9.2	3438
	OTHER DRUG FELONIES	277	20.2	657	47.9	437	31.9	14.3	18.0	1371
	SUB-TOTAL	1714	19.0	4156	46.0	. 3159	35.0	10.6	13.2	9029
OTHER FELONY	OFFENSE									
	WEAPON OFFENSE	205	37.8	297	54.8	40	7.4	18.3	24.0	542
	HABITUAL FELON	347	100.0					91.9	119.5	347
	HABITUAL MISDEMEANOR ASSAULT	43	45.3	49	51.6	3	3.2	10.0	12.3	95
	HABITUAL IMPAIRED DRIVING	221	96.5	8	3.5			17.4	21.3	229
	ALL OTHER FELONIES	323	34.3	419	44.5	200	21.2	19.7	25.6	942
	SUB-TOTAL	1139	52.9	773	35.9	243	11.3	40.6	52.6	2155
TOTAL	TAL		32.6	10584	43.8	5688	23.6	33.7	43.3	24146

Appendix D, Table 2: Sentence Location by Crime Type and Offense FY 1999/00 Felonies

	RCENT OF ACTIVE			RANG	GES		_	
CASES FALLING SPECIFIED SEN		MITIGA		PRESUM		AGGRAN		TOTAL
		NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER
CRIME TYPE	OFFENSE							
PERSON	2ND DEG MURDER	33	15.3	126	58.6	56	26.0	215
	ATTEMPTED MURDER			1	100.0			1
	VOLUNTARY MANSLAUGHTER	17	22.4	45	59.2	14	18.4	76
	INVOLUNTARY MANSLAUGHTER	7	13.7	30	58.8	14	27.5	51
	ARMED ROBBERY	156	30.7	315	62.0	37	7.3	508
	COMMON LAW ROBBERY	53	12.0	342	77.6	46	10.4	441
	AWDWIKISI	13	17.8	45	61.6	15	20.5	73
	AWDW INTENT TO	4	20.0	13	65.0	3	15.0	20
	AWDW SERIOUS INJURY	35	16.7	150	71.4	25	11.9	210
	ASSAULT OFFCL,GOVT OFFCL,EMRG PERSNL,OTHER	7	12.7	40	72.7	8	14.5	55
	OTHER FELONY ASSAULTS	15	19.0	59	74.7	5	6.3	79
	1ST DEG RAPE,SEX OFFENSE	13	14.3	67	73.6	11	12.1	91
	ATT 1ST DEG RAPE,S.O.	8	34.8	13	56.5	2	8.7	23
	2ND DEG RAPE,S.O.	16	13.1	86	70.5	20	16.4	122
	ATT 2ND DEG RAPE,S.O.	21	61.8	12	35.3	1	2.9	34
	INDECENT LIBERTIES W/ CHILD	26	9.2	213	75.5	43	15.2	282
	CHILD ABUSE	1	5.3	13	68.4	5	26.3	19
	OTHER SEX CRIMES	35	31.0	70	61.9	8	7.1	113

Appendix D, Table 2: Sentence Location by Crime Type and Offense (continued) FY 1999/00 Felonies

NUMBER AND PERCENT OF ACTIVE CASES FALLING WITHIN SPECIFIED SENTENCE RANGE		RANGES						
		MITIG		1	PRESUMPTIVE RANGE		AGGRAVATED RANGE	
		NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER	%	NUMBER
CRIME TYPE	OFFENSE							
PERSON (CONT)	KIDNAP, ABDUCT-	7	7.4	78	82.1	10	10.5	95
	ATTEMPTED KIDNAPPING	1	100.0					1
	ALL OTHER PERSON	10	21.3	33	70.2	4	8.5	47
	SUB-TOTAL	478	18.7	1751	68.5	327	12.8	2556
PROPERTY	OFFENSE							
	1ST DEG BURGLARY	18	28.6	41	65.1	4	6.3	63
	2ND DEG BURGLARY	5	7.9	53	84.1	5	7.9	63
	BREAKING/ENTE- RING	76	8.0	813	85.8	59	6.2	948
	LARCENY	50	10.9	383	83.6	25	5.5	458
	AUTOMOBILE THEFT	5	9.8	44	86.3	2	3.9	51
	1ST DEG ARSON			5	100.0			5
	2ND DEG ARSON	4	21.1	13	68.4	2	10.5	19
	OTHER ARSON/BURNING	4	13.8	21	72.4	4	13.8	29
	FORGERY	4	4.1	88	90.7	5	5.2	97
	FRAUD	1	6.7	13	86.7	1	6.7	15
	EMBEZZLEMENT	4	12.5	28	87.5			32
	ALL OTHER PROPERTY	66	10.8	513	83.7	34	5.5	613
	SUB-TOTAL	237	9.9	2015	84.2	141	5.9	2393
DRUGS (Non- trafficking)	OFFENSE							
trarrioking)	SELL/DELIVER DRUGS	89	20.7	329	76.5	12	2.8	430
	POSSESSION WITH INTENT	71	9.8	591	81.3	65	8.9	727
	DRUG POSSESSION	36	12.9	235	83.9	9	3.2	280

Appendix D, Table 2: Sentence Location by Crime Type and Offense (continued) FY 1999/00 Felonies

NUMBER AND PERCENT OF ACTIVE CASES FALLING WITHIN		RANGES						
SPECIFIED SENTENCE RANGE		MITIGATED RANGE		PRESUMPTIVE RANGE		AGGRAVATED RANGE		TOTAL
		NUMBER	જ	NUMBER	જ	NUMBER	%	NUMBER
CRIME TYPE	OFFENSE							
DRUGS (CONT)	OTHER DRUG FELONIES	34	12.3	227	81.9	16	5.8	277
	SUB-TOTAL	230	13.4	1382	80.6	102	6.0	1714
OTHER FELONY	OFFENSE							
	WEAPON OFFENSE	38	18.5	160	78.0	7	3.4	205
	HABITUAL FELON	218	62.8	119	34.3	10	2.9	347
	HABITUAL MISDEMEANOR ASSAULT	7	16.3	36	83.7			43
	HABITUAL IMPAIRED DRIVING	69	31.2	146	66.1	6	2.7	221
	ALL OTHER FELONIES	56	17.3	241	74.6	26	8.0	323
	SUB-TOTAL	388	34.1	702	61.6	49	4.3	1139
TOTAL		1333	17.1	5850	75.0	619	7.9	7802

APPENDIX E

INTERMEDIATE AND COMMUNITY PUNISHMENTS

INTERMEDIATE PUNISHMENTS

An Intermediate punishment requires a sentence of supervised probation with at least one of the following conditions:

- Split Sentence/Special Probation: Requires the offender to submit to a specified period of
 imprisonment in a prison or jail (total imprisonment may not exceed 25% of maximum
 sentence or 6 months, whichever is less) followed by a term of probation. It may include
 special conditions such as recommendation for work release or serving the active term in an
 inpatient facility.
- 2. **IMPACT (Boot Camp):** Is a residential program (although, it was a form of Special Probation for offenses committed before December 1, 1998). Requires offenders to live at the camp for 90 days and participate in a strictly regimented paramilitary program. Offenders spend more than 7 hours a day at work, performing such duties as clearing land or property for federal, state and local agencies. Upon successful completion of the program, offenders return to their community to serve the rest of their sentence on supervised probation.
- 3. **Residential Facility:** Requires the offender to reside in a facility for a specified continuous period of time in order to participate in activities such as substance abuse counseling, social skills training, or employment training, conducted at the residence or at other specified locations.
- 4. **Day Reporting Center:** Requires mandatory attendance at a facility on a daily or otherwise regular basis at specified times for a specific length of time in order to participate in activities such as substance abuse counseling, social skills training, or employment training.
- 5. **Intensive Supervision Probation:** Requires close supervision by a probation officer in order to control and assist the offender to remain in the community pursuant to a community penalties plan, community work plan, community restitution plan, or other plan of rehabilitation.
- 6. **House Arrest with Electronic Monitoring:** Requires the offender to remain in one or more specified places for a specified period or periods each day to wear a device which permits the supervising agency to monitor the offender's compliance with the conditions electronically.

COMMUNITY PUNISHMENTS

A Community punishment is any authorized sentence that does not include an Active punishment or an Intermediate punishment. Community punishments can include, but are not limited to, one of the following: unsupervised or supervised probation (basic supervision not intensive supervision probation), outpatient drug/alcohol treatment, community service, restitution, fines, T.A.S.C. (Treatment Alternatives to Street Crime).

APPENDIX F SPECIAL PROBATION FOR FELONIES

Appendix F, Table 1: Special Probation by Offense Class and Location FY 1999/00 Felonies

	Prison			Jail	Total Special		
Offense Class	No.	Mean Special Probation Length (Days)	No.	Mean Special Probation Length (Days)	Probation Length (Days)	Total	
E	52	158.6	166	146.9	149.7	218	
F	63	138.1	273	93.9	102.2	336	
G	98	117.2	495	71.4	79.0	593	
Н	109	109.1	1,274	49.6	54.3	1,383	
I	71	62.2	580	40.4	42.8	651	
TOTAL	393	113.8	2,788	61.7	68.1	3,181	

Appendix F, Table 2: Special Probation by Crime Type and Location FY 1999/00 Felonies

	Prison		Jail		Total Special		
Offense Class	No.	Mean Special Probation Length (Days)	No. Mean Special Probation Length (Days)		Probation Length (Days)	Total	
Person	120	142.6	549	98.0	106.0	669	
Property	114	82.9	1,050	52.3	55.3	1,164	
Non-Traff. Drug	119	91.6	968	48.7	53.4	1,087	
Other Felony	40	181.9	221	73.0	89.7	261	
TOTAL	393	113.8	2,788	61.7	68.1	3,181	

APPENDIX G

COMMUNITY SERVICE AND RESTITUTION FOR FELONIES

Appendix G, Table 1: Community Service by Offense Class FY 1999/00 Felonies

Offense Class	Mean Number of Hours Ordered	Number of Convictions	% of Convictions
E	82.3	81	8.2
F	81.4	172	10.4
G	76.2	266	10.0
H	67.4	1,415	14.7
I	61.1	1,492	20.5
TOTAL	66.4	3,426	14.2

Appendix G, Table 2: Community Service by Crime Type FY 1999/00 Felonies

Offense Class	Mean Number of Hours Ordered	Number of Convictions	% of Convictions
Person	77.9	304	7.0
Property	66.5	1,363	15.8
Non-Traff. Drug	63.5	1,582	17.5
Other Felony	71.2	177	8.2
TOTAL	66.4	3,426	14.2

Appendix G, Table 3: Restitution Ordered by Offense Class¹ FY 1999/00 Felonies

Offense Class	Mean Restitution Ordered (\$) ²	Median Restitution Ordered (\$)	Number of Convictions	% of Convictions
B1	579	579	2	1.7
B2	5,982	5,730	19	7.6
С	3,089	847	49	7.9
D	3,663	809	92	12.9
E	3,981	1,476	321	32.6
F	3,735	1,083	282	17.0
G	940	· 188	968	34.8
Н	3,080	742	4,104	42.5
I	1,043	275	2,264	31.1
TOTAL	2,326	500	8,101	-33.6

¹ Appendix G, Tables 3-5 present information about the amount of restitution ordered; they do not reflect the amount paid. Restitution can be ordered as a sole sanction or in conjunction with other sanctions.

² Appendix G, Tables 3-5 provide four important pieces of information about restitution. They indicate the mean dollar amount ordered (average), the median dollar amount ordered (the amount which has the same number of restitutions ordered falling below it as above it), and the total number and percentage of convictions for which payment of restitution was ordered. Note that the mean is often much higher than the median. This occurs because one or more sanctions are higher than the "normal" amount of restitution ordered.

Appendix G, Table 4: Restitution Ordered by Crime Type FY 1999/00 Felonies

Offense Class	Mean Restitution Ordered (\$)	Median Restitution Ordered (\$)	Number of Convictions	% of Convictions
Person	3,028	819	979	22.5
Property	3,113	871	4,667	54.2
Non-Traff. Drug	266	100	2,116	23.4
Other Felony	2,323	549	339	15.7
TOTAL	2,326	500	8,101	33.6

Appendix G, Table 5: Restitution Ordered by Type of Punishment FY 1999/00 Felonies

Offense Class	Mean Restitution Ordered (\$)	Median Restitution Ordered (\$)	Number of Convictions	% of Convictions
Active	3,213	669	736	9.4
Intermediate	1,900	500	5,041	47.6
Community	2,970	479	2,324	40.9
TOTAL	2,326	500	8,101	33.6

Effective for Offenses Committed on or after 12/1/95

MISDEMEANOR PUNISHMENT CHART

	PRIOR CONVICTION LEVELS					
	I	П	Ш			
CLASS	No Prior Convictions	One to Four Prior Convictions	Five or More Prior Convictions			
A1	1 - 60 days	1 - 75 days	1 - 150 days			
	C/I/A	C/I/A	C/I/A			
1	1 - 45 days	1 - 45 days	1 - 120 days			
	C	C/I/A	C/I/A			
2	1 - 30 days	1 - 45 days	1 - 60 days			
	C	C/I	C/I/A			
3	1 - 10 days	1 - 15 days	1 - 20 days			
	C	C/I	C/I/A			

A - Active Punishment

I - Intermediate Punishment

C - Community Punishment

Cells with slash allow either disposition at the discretion of the judge.

Revised: 08-04-95

Effective for Offenses Committed on or after 12/1/95

FELONY PUNISHMENT CHART

PRIOR RECORD LEVEL

DISPOSITION

Aggravated Range

PRESUMPTIVE RANGE

Mitigated Range

1.98			Company of	R RECORD LEV		7.58
	0 Pts	1-4 Pts	5-8 Pts	9-14 Pts	15-18 Pts	19+ Pts
A			Death or Life	Without Parole		<u> </u>
	A	A	A	A	A	A
B1	240-300	288-360	336-420	384-480	Life Without Parole	Life Without Parole
	192-240	230-288	269-336	307-384	346-433	384-480
	144-192	173-230	202-269	230-307	260-346	288-384
11:	A	A	A	A	A	A
B2	157 - 196	189 - 237	220 - 276	251 - 313	282 - 353	313 - 392
BZ	125 - 157	151 - 189	176 - 220	201 - 251	225 - 282	251 - 313
	94 - 125	114 - 151	132 - 176	151 - 201	169 - 225	188 - 251
	Α	A	A	A	A	A
	73 - 92	100 - 125	116 - 145	133 - 167	151 - 188	168 - 210
С	58 - 73	80 - 100	93 - 116	107-133	121 - 151	135 - 168
	44 - 58	60 - 80	70 - 93	80 - 107	90 - 121	101-135
	Α	Α .	A	A	A	A
	64 - 80	77 - 95	103 - 129	117 - 146	133 - 167	146 - 183
D	51 - 64	61 - 77	82 - 103	94 - 117	107 - 133	117 - 146
	38 - 51	46 - 61	61 - 82	71 - 94	80 - 107	88 - 117
	I/A	I/A	A	A	A	A
	25 - 31	29 - 36	34 - 42	46 - 58	53 - 66	59 - 74
E	20 - 25	23 - 29	27 - 34	37 - 46	42 - 53	47 - 59
	15 - 20	17 - 23	20 - 27	28 - 37	32 - 42	35 - 47
	I/A	I/A	I/A	A	A	A
	16 - 20	19 - 24	21 - 26	25 - 31	34 - 42	39 - 49
F	13 - 16	15 - 19	17 - 21	20 - 25	27-34	31 - 39
	10 - 13	11 - 15	13 - 17	15 - 20	20 - 27	23 - 31
	I/A	1/A	I/A	I/A	A	A
	13 - 16	15 - 19	16 - 20	20 - 25	21 - 26	29 - 36
G	10 - 13	12 - 15	13 - 16	16 - 20	17 - 21	23 -29
	8 - 10	9 - 12	10 - 13	12 - 16	13 - 17	17 - 23
	C/I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	A
	6 - 8	8 - 10	10 - 12	11 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 25
H	5-6	6-8	8 - 10	9 - 11	12 - 15	16 - 20
	4 - 5	4-6	6 - 8	7 - 9	9 - 12	12 - 16
	С	СЛ	ı	I/A	I/A	I/A
	6 - 8	6 - 8	6 - 8	8 - 10	9-11	10 - 12
1	4-6	4-6	5-6	6-8	7-9	8 -10
	3 - 4	3 - 4	4 - 5	4-6	5 - 7	6-8

Note: A - Active Punishment I - Intermediate Punishment C - Community Punishment *Numbers shown are in months and represent the range of minimum sentences.

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