

Victims and Women at Risk of Human Trafficking- Identifying and Responding in North Carolina Adult Corrections

Overview of Project and Key Findings

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The opinions, findings, conclusions, and recommendations expressed in this product are those of the contributors and do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety or the North Carolina Human Trafficking Commission.

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Presentation

- Background
- Project activities
- Key findings
- Next steps



Handouts

- Full Final Report- please keep close hold
 - Contact Rebecca for the file rjmacy@email.unc.edu

 Executive Summaryplease share widely



BACKGROUND



Correction, Trafficking, and Women

- Human trafficking—a pressing problem
 - The use of force, fraud, or coercion to compel a person into commercial sex acts, labor, or services against their will
- Correctional system involvement among women is on the rise
- Correctional involvement associated with trafficking victimization
- Thus, these intersecting issues of may be especially pressing for many women

Before, During, After Corrections

- Trafficking may be a part of women's lives before entering correctional settings
- Women may be contacted by recruiters or traffickers during their time in correctional facilities
- Women may be targeted by traffickers as they leave correctional facilities to return to their home communities

Acknowledge and Identify Trafficking

- Human trafficking identification is complicated because of the hidden nature of the problem
- Thus, it is important that those who can offer help and information are aware of human trafficking and are prepared to respond
- Requires broad organizational and system acknowledgement and awareness

How can we best support correctional leaders and staff to be aware of and prepared to help women with trafficking?

Developing a Collaborative Partnership

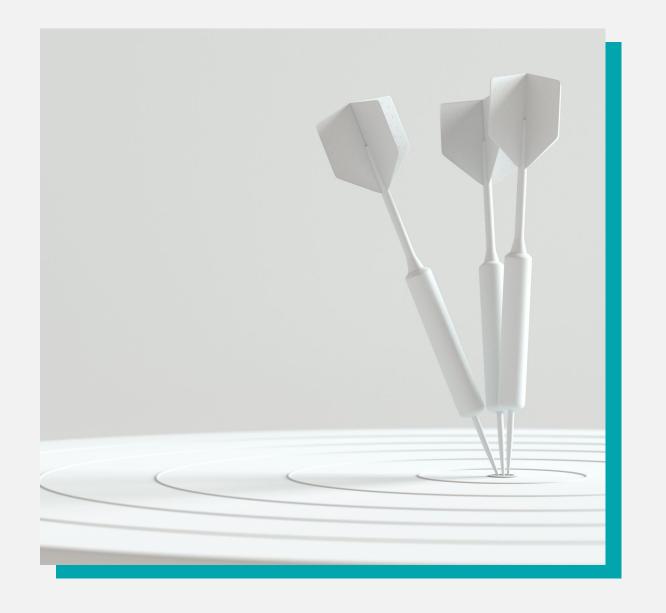


Long-Term Goals

- Determine the prevalence of trafficking among adult women in the NC correctional system
- Ensure that victims, as well as women at risk, are identified and connected to helpful services and supports

Current Project Goal

 Develop an evidenceinformed human trafficking identification and response guide as well as training materials tailored to NC correctional settings

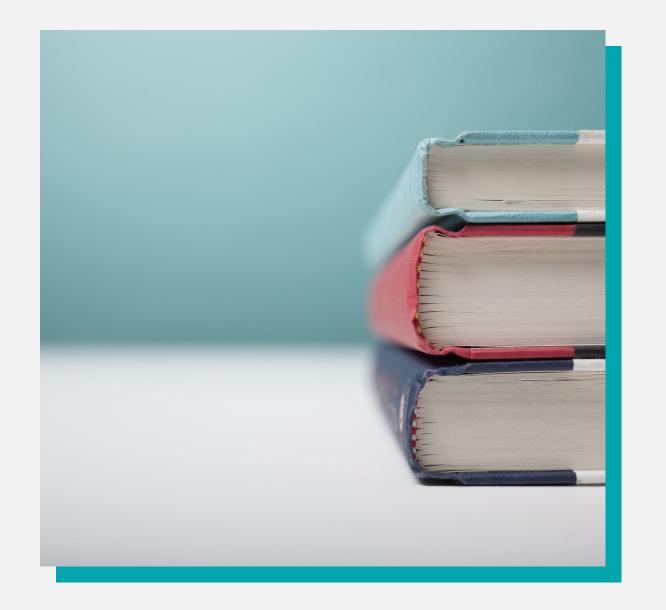


PROJECT: August 2019-December 2020



Systematic Review: Screening, Identification, and Response

 Following rigorous protocols, the research team identified, summarized, and analyzed 22 screening tools from 27 documents



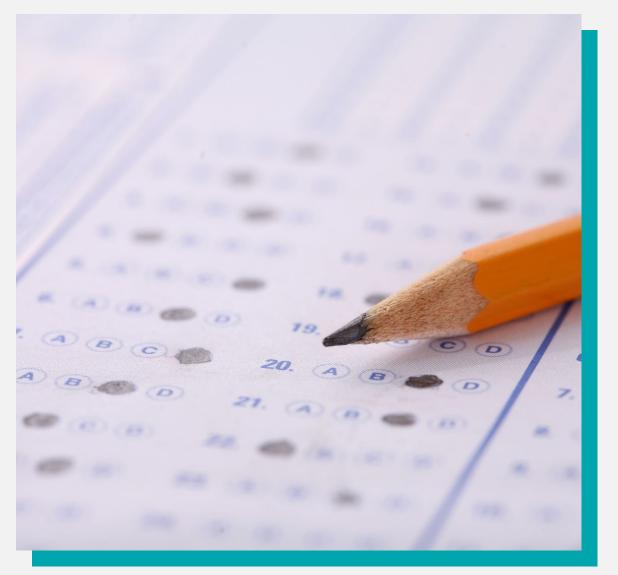


Systematic Review: Risk Factors and Indicators

 Following rigorous protocols, the research team identified, summarized, and examined 80 peer-reviewed articles that analyzed characteristics, correlates, and/or risk factors associated with human trafficking

National Correctional and Anti-trafficking Leaders Survey

- To identify instruments and protocols for identification and response, the team conducted surveys with correctional and antitrafficking leaders
- A total of 46 stakeholders representing 28 states participated in the survey





Exploration of Existing NC Department of Public Safety (DPS) Data

 Explored data to examine the degree to which current NC DPS assessments, data tracking systems, and data indicators might be relevant for assessing trafficking risk among female inmates

KEY FINDINGS



Screening, Identification, and Response

- There is not yet clear practice or research consensus concerning specific questions that should be asked in trafficking screening
- Very few of the screening instruments currently in use have been evaluated
- Little of this work appears to be occurring in correctional settings

Risk Factors and Indicators

- There is growing interest in examining risk factors and indicators of human trafficking
- Much of this work has focused on risk factors at the individual and interpersonal levels
- Little research has examined human trafficking among people in correctional settings

National Leaders Survey

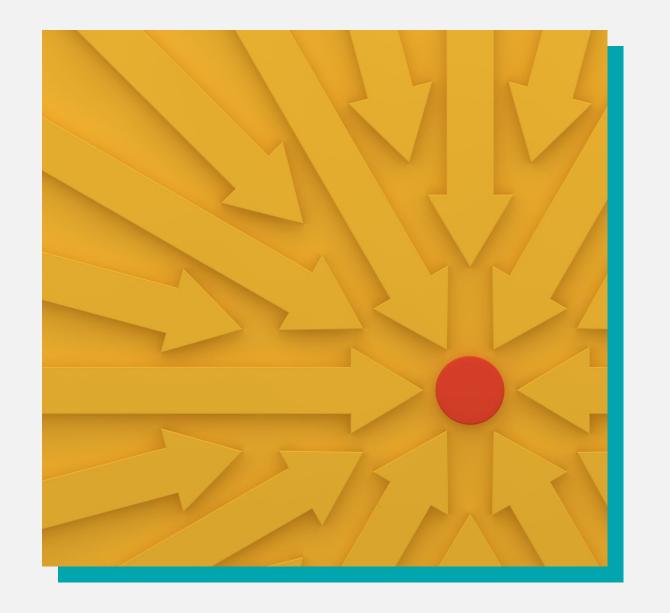
Despite stakeholders' perceptions regarding the importance of addressing human trafficking in correctional settings, there are currently limited efforts related to human trafficking screening, response, and training being carried out in correctional settings.

Exploration of Existing NC DPS Data

- NC DPS data currently being gathered on female offenders provide some ability to examine human trafficking at both the individual- and interpersonal-level
- Specifically, four primary types of data have been identified within the DPS system with potential relevance to identifying factors associated with human trafficking
 - Demographic data, family data, social data, and risk assessment data

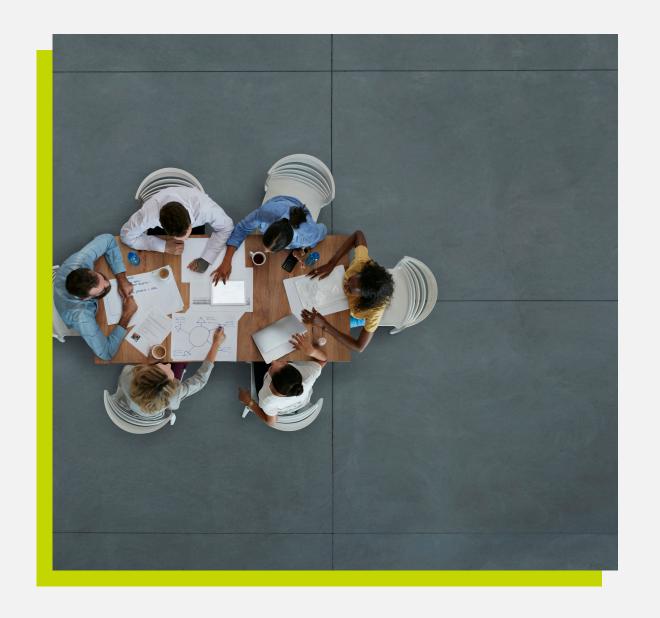
Meeting Project Goals: Developing Products

- The NC Correction Human Trafficking Identification and Response Guide
- Training materials for NC DPS correctional leaders and staff



RECOMMENDED NEXT STEPS





 Seek DPS leadership and staff input to ensure that products are subsequently tailored to NC correction

 Plan and evaluate a pilot anti-trafficking initiative in one correctional site





 Informed by the pilot, launch an anti-trafficking initiative throughout all NC correctional facilities

 Using NC DPS data, explore the development of a trafficking checklist and/or screening tool





 Ensure that next steps including survivor input and are also survivor-centered as well as trauma-informed States, like North Carolina, have an opportunity to become leaders in addressing human trafficking by ensuring that women in correctional settings receive the help and support they need to escape human trafficking.

Our UNC-CH Research Team

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