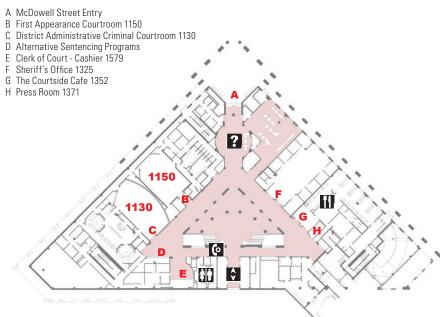
### $1 \ {\rm McDowell \ Street \ Entry \ Level}$



# MECKLENBURG COUNTY COURTHOUSE FLOOR DIRECTORY



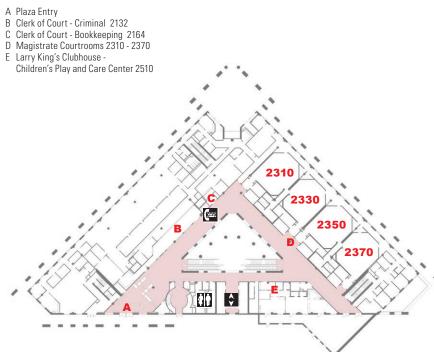
Elevator

Cafe

Courtrooms are noted by **RED** room numbers

2 Plaza Entry Level





### 4 District Criminal Courts

- A Post-Judgment Services Center 4000 B Drug Treatment Court Administration 4351 C Trial Court Administrator 4420
- 4170 4310 4330 4150 4130 ŧ Ŷ

### 3

A Clerk of Court - Administration 3600 B Clerk of Court - Estates & Special Proceedings 3720 C Clerk of Court - Civil 3725 D Self-Serve Center 3350 E Caseflow Management 3420 F Family Court Administration 3520 † † Ŷ

## $5\,$ Superior Criminal Courts

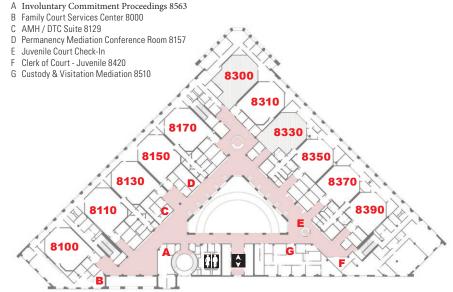
- A Suite 5561 B Suite 5000 C Jury Assembly 5450



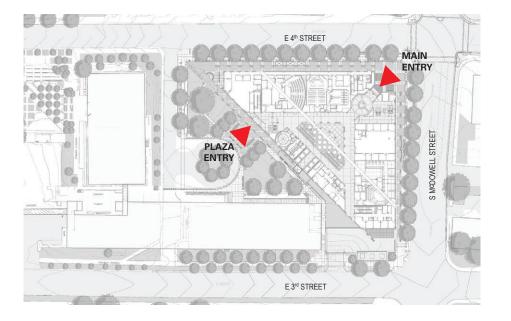


### A Court Reporters 6001B Attorney Workroom 6000C Alternative Dispute Resolution Suite 6510 6310 6330 6170 6350 6150 6370 6130 6110 \$ łł

### $8\,$ Family & Juvenile Courts



#### MECKLENBURG COUNTY COURTHOUSE 832 EAST 4TH STREET





Sketch of new courthouse by Architect Michael McKinnell, 2002

### 1773 - 2007 THE MECKLENBURG COUNTY COURTHOUSE: 241 YEARS OF SERVICE

In the United States, the courthouse is an edifice in which the Constitution and the rule of law live and breathe on a daily basis. The county courthouse touches all our lives and is a vital part of the franchise of our democratic republic. For 241 years it has served this purpose in Mecklenburg County!

The First Courthouse 1766–1810 From the establishment of Mecklenburg County in 1762 until Charlotte was founded in 1766, Court was held in a variety of homes, taverns and other places. Court was held four times a year and lasted for a day or two each time.

The first courthouse in Mecklenburg County was located in the middle of the intersection of Trade Street and Tryon Street in the small village of Charlotte. This first Courthouse was a log cabin on brick pillars 10 feet tall. In the center of the space under the courthouse was a post marking the middle of the town. Distances to other towns, river fords, etc. were neasured from this post. The open space under the courthouse served as a town market for the selling of animals, produce and other goods.

In this first Mecklenburg Courthouse the representatives, meeting on May 19, 1775, first heard the news of Lexington and Concord They debated and approved the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence, and heard it read out from the courthouse steps on May 20, 1775. Commissioners met there and wrote

After 10 years of planning and three years of construction, the eighth Mecklenburg County Courthouse houses all of Mecklenburg County's Courts in a single building for the first time since 1970

The courtrooms and departments are organized around a central atrium, which soars though six stories and provides natural light and wayfinding orientation throughout the public spaces

The new Mecklenburg County Courthouse is the result of many hours of hard work on the part of hundreds of individuals from the Courts, the County, the architects, artists and builders all working together

BUILDING AREA:

PROJECT BUDGET: \$148 million

**BUILDING HEIGHT:** 

COURTROOM CAPACITY:

35 finished initially 4 shelled + 8 future on level 7

568,000 qsf

9 stories

47 total

ARCHITECTS Schenkel & Shultz Architects HDR Architecture Kallmann McKinnell & Wood Architects

CONSTRUCTION MANAGER FN Thompson Company Turner Construction Company Walter B Davis

ARTISTS Schecter The Persistence of Vision the Mecklenburg Resolves of May 31, and dispatched Captain James Jack to the Continental Congress in Philadelphia with both documents

When British General Cornwallis entered Charlotte in October of 1780, Colonel Davie and his men fired from the brick columns and stone walls under the courthouse to delay the British advance. Later this was known as the Battle of Charlotte

The Second Courthouse 1810–1845 In the 1875 Charlotte City Directory there is a description of Charlotte 50 years before:

"The Court House stood in the middle of the public square, formed by the intersection of Trade and Tryon streets; it was a square brick building, hipped roof (the old log building which existed in 1775, had been removed) terminating with a cupola on top. The whipping post, stocks and pillory stood in the middle of the street...in full view of the judge's bench, where he could see his sentence executed. For many years the Sheriff and Clerks of the Superior and County Courts, and the Register of Deeds, kept their offices at their houses in the country...until the Legislature passed an act requiring them to be kept at the Court House. Then it was that the upper story of the Court House was cut up into offices, and thereby spoiling the only good ball room in town, as all the public balls or dances were held in the second story of the Court House, and all the preaching was done in the lower story in the Court room. Ministers of all denominations, when they came to Charlotte, preached in the Court House."

**General Court Information** 

Administration

Adoptions

Cashier

Criminal

Estates

Judgments

Juvenile

Personnel

Judges

**District Court** Superior Court

Bookkeepina

Child Support/Family

Special Proceedings

**Court Childcare Center** 

Larry King's Clubhouse

Traffic Citations

**Civil Filing/Processing** 

Small Claims Filing Information

**Clerk of Superior Courts Office** 

The courthouse was built by John Dow in 1810 and by 1812 he still had not been paid all he was owed for constructing it.

Over the years the second courthouse was repaired and improved in various ways including 'plain Porticoes over each of the Court House doors & have the same finished with steps & painted..." Later the roof was covered with tin and a bell was installed in the cupola.

The Third Courthouse 1845–1897 By April 1841 the second courthouse was considered to be in disrepair and too small for the growing county. The Magistrates appointed a Committee to build a new courthouse. In July this committee reported the probable costs; the Magistrates decided not to build a new one and appointed a committee to repair the old one. In October the committee reported that it was impractical to repair the old courthouse and the Magistrates appointed a committee to build a new one

The third courthouse was constructed on the northeast corner of Trade and Church Streets, where the Marriott Hotel now stands. It was an imposing brick structure, 44 feet wide and 66 feet deep, with four large columns across the front and two flights of stairs in the portico rising to the second floor

A distinctive feature of the courthouse property was the water tower or standpipe which stood

3600

3600

2164

1579

3725

3725

2132

3720 3725

8420

3600

3725

3720

2510

immediately behind the courthouse. It was a vertical pipe perhaps 17 feet in diameter which stood twice as high as the courthouse It was built in 1881 when Charlotte first got running water and appears in every existing photograph of the third courthous

The Fourth Courthouse 1897–1928 The 1870 city directory announced that the County Commissioners had "purchased the grounds and made all arrangements for the erection of a very handsome Court House in the city of Charlotte, which will cost, grounds and all, \$75,000. This building will be located on the corner of Third and Tryon Streets."

The fourth courthouse was finally built in 1896 and was located at 301 South Tryon Street, on the same property where Queens College was established in 1771. This \$52,500 structure was designed by architect Frank Pierce Milburn and was 75 by 120 feet in size. The main entrance had an open portico surmounted by a large dome.

#### The Fifth Courthouse 1928–1978

By 1917 judges and court officials were calling for a new courthouse due to the crowded conditions in the present one. In the early 1920s there was a movement to build a new structure combining the City Hall and the County Courthouse which the County Commissioners supported and the city leaders opposed. They went to Raleigh to get a special law passed to allow this level of City-County consolidation and the question was put to the voters. The City voters approved the idea, but the county voters did not and the referendum failed.

The City of Charlotte built a new city hall which opened in 1925 while the county courts continued to debate whether to repair the old courthouse or to build a new one. It wasn't until 1928 that the new courthouse opened, at a cost of \$900,000, at 700 East Trade Street, next to the new city hall. The architect was Louis H. Asbury, a Charlotte native who also built the Myers Park United Methodist Church. In an article in Southern Architect, architect M. E. Boyer Jr. extolled the 'orderly functions of an excellent courthouse plan and described the exterior columns and windows in glowing terms, commenting that "The fad of modernistic architecture is again resisted

The Sixth & Seventh Courthouses By 1970 the courthouse of 1928 was becoming inadequate to the need of the courts. In 1978, the Civil Courthouse opened at 800 E. Fourth St.: followed soon after by the Criminal Courthouse in 1983, adjacent to the City County Government Building.

On February 9, 2007, the newest Mecklenburg County Courthouse was dedicated. Designed using high quality materials and providing room for growth for many decades, this eighth courthouse should serve the citizens of Mecklenburg County for many years to come.

### BUILDING DIRECTORY

704 686-0400	Jury Service	5450	704 686-0195
	Magistrates		
704 686-0420	Civil Small Claims	3725	704 686-0060
704 686-0430	Judicial Hospitalization	3600	704 686-0070
704 686-0440			
704 686-0450	Sheriff's Office	1325	704 336-8787
704 686-0500			
704 686-0520	Trial Court Administrator		
704 686-0600	Administration	4420	704 686-0260
704 686-0460	Caseflow Management Division	3420	704 686-0185
704 686-0540	Community Access & Outreach Division	4420	704 686-0269
704 686-0620	ADA Compliance		704 686-0268
704 686-0470	Interpreter Management		704 686-0268
704 686-0560	Attorney Fee Coordination		704 686-0266
704 686-0460	Drug Treatment Court Division	4351	704 686-0150
704 686-0600	Family Court Division	3520	704 686-0200
	Custody and Visitation Mediation	8510	704 686-0220
	Self Serve Center	3350	704 686-0210
704 686-0285	Operations Division		704 686-0267
	Fine Collection Program	4000	704 686-0240
	Jury Management	5450	704 686-0195
704 686-0101	Post-Judgment Services Center	4000	704 686-0230
704 686-0100			



# MECKLENBURG COUNTY COURTHOUSE

832 EAST 4<sup>TH</sup> STREET **CHARLOTTE**